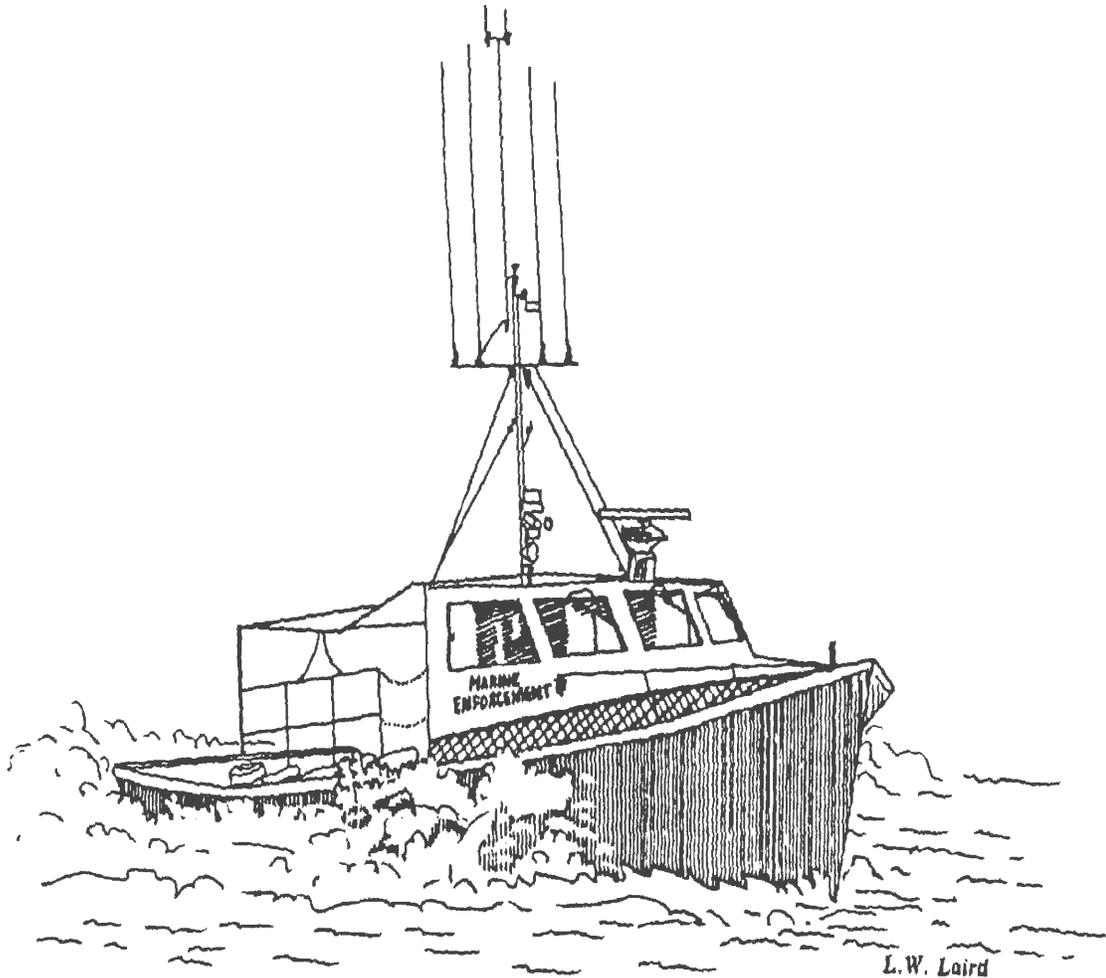


GULF STATES MARINE FISHERIES COMMISSION

# Law Summary 1999



## A Summary of Marine Fishing Laws and Regulations for the Gulf States

December 1999

GSMFC No. 70

This publication is an unofficial compilation of marine fishing laws and regulations developed for the information and convenience of enforcement personnel. *For definitive regulations, contact the various agency enforcement personnel.*

The following is an unofficial compilation of marine laws and regulations for the Gulf States. It was compiled by enforcement personnel of the Gulf States specifically for their information and convenience. The information is current as of September 30, 1999, but changes may occur in each state at any time. For definitive enforcement regulations in each state contact the enforcement personnel listed on the various state maps.

## GULF STATES MARINE FISHERIES COMMISSION

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# MARINE FISHERY LAWS AND REGULATIONS FOR THE GULF STATES

## ALABAMA

The following is an unofficial compilation of marine laws and regulations for Alabama. It was compiled by enforcement personnel of the Gulf States specifically for their information and convenience. The information is current as of September 30, 1999, but changes may occur at any time. For definitive enforcement regulations contact Marine Resources Division (MRD), P.O. Box 189, Dauphin Island, AL 36528 (334/861-2882).

### SHRIMP

#### Commercial License

Commercial Shrimp Boats

Under 30' - \$51.00

30' - 45' - \$76.00

Over 45' - \$101.00

(Non-residents pay the same fee as that charged Alabama residents in the applicant's state of residence - except for reciprocal state Mississippi. Non-resident licenses are sold only by MRD offices.)

#### Recreational License

\$16.00 boat license

(Non-residents pay the same fee as that charged Alabama residents in the applicant's state of residence - except for reciprocal state Mississippi.)

#### Commercial Season

Set by regulation/prohibited in permanently closed areas and designated exclusive bait areas.

#### Recreational Season

Prohibited in areas closed to commercial shrimping and permanently closed areas. Shrimping is allowed throughout the year in designated exclusive bait areas from 4:00 a.m. until 10:00 p.m.

#### Commercial Gear Limitations

No restrictions on mesh size. In inside waters (bays, sounds, etc.) a trawl or trawls used together cannot exceed 50' as measured along the main top line. No more than two trawls may be used at the same time (not including a try trawl, which cannot exceed 10' on the main top line). No restrictions on trawl size offshore (Gulf of Mexico) - (other commercial specifications apply). Trawl wings shall be cut and tied to the wing line only on points, and it shall be illegal to use a trawl or trawls on which the length of the top leg line exceeds the length of the bottom leg line (the length of the leg line being defined as the distance from the rear of the trawl door to the beginning of the wing). Webbing or netting shall not be hung, tied, or otherwise connected between the rear of the trawl board or door and the adjacent wing line or between the top leg line and bottom leg line of any trawl so as to extend the width of any trawl or trawls over the legal width (50').

#### Recreational Gear Limitations

One trawl, size not to exceed 16' as measured along the main top line. There are no restrictions on mesh size.

#### Commercial Legal Size

Shrimp smaller in size than 68 count (68 shrimp or less per pound) are not to be taken in Alabama waters.

#### Recreational Legal Size

No restrictions in areas open to commercial shrimping and designated exclusive bait areas.

#### Commercial Pounds Allowed

No limit.

#### Recreational Pounds Allowed

In areas open to commercial shrimping, five (5) gallons per person per day. In designated exclusive bait areas, one (1) gallon per boat per day.

### LIVE BAIT

#### License

Sell live shrimp for bait and operate one boat and one truck - \$51.00

Sell live shrimp for bait and operate two boats and two trucks - \$101.00

(Limit two boats or trucks per dealer)

#### Shore Facility

Permanently erected building from which fishing bait and fishing supplies and tackle are routinely sold to the public.

#### Season

No closed season. Prohibited in permanently closed areas. Designated exclusive bait areas are open to live bait dealers year around from 4:00 a.m. until 10:00 p.m.

#### Gear

One trawl per boat. Trawl shall not exceed 16' as measured across main top line. No mesh restrictions. Boats shall display the words "LIVE BAIT" in letters no smaller than 6" high on each side of the boat and shall have a tank with a spray system operated by a pump or commercial fish aerator or a live well with forced water exchange. Trucks must have a wooden or fabricated transport tank with recirculating water or commercial fish aerator.

#### Legal Size

No restrictions.

#### Pounds Allowed

Possession of no more than one standard shrimp basket of shrimp live or dead per boat or truck. Possession of no more than three standard shrimp baskets of shrimp live or dead per place of business.

#### Restrictions

Drags shall not exceed 20 consecutive minutes before retrieving trawl and sorting bait shrimp into the live tank. Shrimp can be sold alive or dead. Dead shrimp must have heads attached and be packaged and sold in lots no greater than one pound.

### SHELLFISH - OYSTERS

#### License Requirements

All licenses expire September 30 of each year.

Persons are allowed to take up to 100 oysters for personal consumption without a Catcher's License.

Commercial Oyster Catcher - \$26.00 — Required by all persons (must be in possession) taking oysters for commercial purposes.

Oyster Dredge - \$26.00 — Required before an oyster dredge can be used along with evidence that a \$1,000.00 bond has been secured.

#### Seasons

The Alabama Department of Conservation and Natural Resources (ADCNR) and the Alabama Department of Public Health are authorized to open and close areas during all or parts of the year. Taking oysters from a closed area for any reason is a misdemeanor.

Taking oysters from open areas before or after time as set by regulation is prohibited. Transporting oysters at night through closed areas is prohibited.

#### **Gear**

Oysters may be taken from public reefs and water bottoms by hand or oyster tongs. Oyster dredges may be used by owners or lessees of private oyster reefs only after purchasing an oyster dredge license, posting a \$1,000.00 bond, and receiving written authorization from the ADCNR.

#### **Size Limits**

Oysters taken for either commercial or personal consumption must be at least 3" in length (5% undersize tolerance). Oysters must be culled on the reef where they are taken.

#### **Possession Limits**

Unlawful to take or have in possession more than the number of sacks of oysters per boat per day as set by regulation.

#### **Leases**

Persons, firms, or corporations desiring to lease oyster bottoms shall make application in writing to the Commissioner of Conservation and Natural Resources accompanied by such fee as may be prescribed. It is the duty of each lessee to have established an accurate survey by a registered surveyor of the bottoms, beds, or reefs under his control, and each corner shall be clearly marked and defined with the lessee's name clearly attached. Intermediate markers shall be placed and plat of the area filed with the MRD together with a list of any persons using said lease area (list must be updated every 30 days).

#### **Restrictions**

It is unlawful to drag any seines over the public reefs or private oyster grounds. Oysters taken commercially must be sacked (not more than ¼ Alabama barrel per sack) and each sack tagged before landing. Tags may be purchased for \$0.25/each at MRD offices or authorized agents.

## **SHELLFISH - CRABS**

#### **Licenses**

Commercial - \$51.00

Recreational - No license (five traps maximum)

Non-residents pay the same fee as that charged Alabama residents to conduct the same activity in the applicant's state of residence, or not less than twice the amount of resident license.

#### **Restrictions**

No person, firm, or corporation shall take, catch, sell, transport, or possess blue crabs that measure less than five inches (5") carapace width as measured from the tip of one lateral spine to tip of the opposite lateral spine. Provided, however, this limitation does not apply to soft-shelled crabs or to pre-molt crabs if the pre-molt crabs are taken solely for the purpose of shedding and held in compliance with applicable laws and regulations. Exempted pre-molt crabs shall exhibit, at a minimum, a pink or red line on the back paddle fin, which is recognized by the crab industry as a preliminary pre-molt stage.

Softshell or pre-molt crabs must be held in a separate container, marked "peelers" or "busters," from those crabs of legal size while in the possession of the fishermen.

Pre-molt crabs in the possession of, or held by, a dealer for sale or processing as softshell crabs, are exempted from the minimum prescribed size limit, if identified as pre-molt crabs, and held in separate containers marked "peelers" or "busters."

Crabs in a work box shall not be subject to the minimum prescribed size limit while aboard the vessel. Commercial crab fishermen shall

be allowed to have in possession aboard the vessel two work boxes. Crab boxes which are sealed or covered, other than by a grader, shall not be considered a work box.

Commercial crab fishermen shall tag or mark any containers of Alabama crabs in possession, or that are sold, in a manner which will ensure that such commercial crab fisherman can be identified as the person who harvested the crabs. Such identification required shall be the full name of the crab fisherman and the number issued to the commercial crab fisherman by the Marine Resources Division and the date on which the crabs were harvested. All containers of Alabama crabs in the possession of a dealer shall be tagged, marked, or otherwise identified in this manner. The identification number shall be assigned by the Marine Resources Division when the fisherman purchases his or her commercial crab "catcher's" license. For subsequent years, the same identification number shall be assigned to the same commercial crab fisherman.

Crabs taken by a licensed live bait dealer for sale as bait shall not be subject to the minimum prescribed size limit.

Crabs taken for bait by licensed recreational shrimp boats shall not be subject to the minimum prescribed size limit, but such boats are limited to no more than the number of crabs held by a one (1) gallon container per boat per day.

Crabs taken by licensed commercial or recreational shrimp boats in waters open to commercial shrimping are limited to no more than one five-gallon container of legal size crabs in possession per boat unless the operator possesses a valid commercial "crab catcher's" license.

Persons, firms, or corporations may import crabs for commercial purposes from a licensed dealer or fisherman residing outside the state of Alabama, provided, such crabs were taken and shipped pursuant to the state's laws and regulations. Containers of crabs shall be marked, tagged, or otherwise identified as required by the laws and regulations in that state.

A bill of sale or other proof of purchase showing the non-resident dealer's or fisherman's name and address, pounds or number of containers purchased, and date of purchase shall be maintained at the place of business for a period of one year, and shall be available for inspection and presented without delay upon request by a conservation enforcement officer or other authorized agent.

Persons who have caught crabs from the waters of another state may import those crabs into the state of Alabama for commercial purposes, provided, said crabs were legally taken, licensed, and transported pursuant to that state's laws and regulations. Containers of crabs shall be marked or tagged with the fisherman's name, commercial crab fisherman's license number issued by the state, and the date of harvest.

Traps used to take crabs or other seafood shall not exceed twenty-seven (27) cubic feet in volume.

Each commercial crab traps shall be marked with at least one (1) buoy no smaller than six inches (6") in diameter. At least one-half (½) of the buoy shall be white. Buoys shall be attached to the traps by use of a weighted line to prevent the line from floating. Plastic bottles are prohibited for use as a commercial crab trap buoy.

It shall be unlawful to set or place in the waters of this state any commercial crab trap which does not have attached a float marked with the identification number of the owner of the trap. Such number shall be at least 1" in height and colored to be a definite contrast with the color of the float, of block character, and spaced so as to be readable from left to right.

In lieu of marking said crab traps with the identification number, any

licensed commercial crab "catcher" may obtain a registered color code design from the MRD. This color code must be placed on each float and painted or affixed to each side of the vessel used to harvest crabs from said traps. Colors must be kept in such condition so as to be easily identifiable for an inspecting officer.

It shall be unlawful to remove crab traps from the water or remove crabs from crab traps during the hours from sunset to one (1) hour before sunrise the following day.

It shall be unlawful to set or place any commercial or recreational trap used for the taking of crabs or other seafood in any navigation channel marked by a lawfully established system of waterway markers or within three hundred feet (300') of any public boat launching ramp, Heron Bay Cutoff, or the mouth of West Fowl River, Weeks Bay, Fish River, Magnolia River, any man-made canal, or in any manner so as to prevent ingress or egress to or from any pier, wharf, dock, marina, or boat launching ramp.

It shall be unlawful to set or place any commercial trap used for the taking of crabs or other seafood in Mobile River, Dog River, Theodore Industrial Canal, Fowl River, the northwest arm of Heron Bay, Heron Bayou (off northwest arm of Heron Bay), Bayou Coden, Bayou La Batre, or their tributaries, in Mobile County, or Blakely River, Fly Creek, Fish River, Magnolia River, Bon Secour River north of channel markers 7 and 8, Wolf Creek, Sandy Creek, Miflin Creek, Hammock Creek, Roberts Bayou, Soldier Creek, Palmetto Creek, Old River (between Ono Island and Perdido Key), or their tributaries, in Baldwin County, or in any man-made canal [including but not limited to the following on Dauphin Island: Quivera Bay, Polaris Lagoon, Port Royal Lagoon, Lafitte Bay, Indian Bay, Indian Canal, Buchanan Bay, Columbia Bay, Colony Cove, Spanish Bay, Barcelona Bay, Confederate Bay, Salt Creek (Heron Bayou), Government Cut, and Billy Goat Hole].

It shall be unlawful to set or place any recreational trap used for the taking of crabs or other seafood in any area named in the above paragraph of this regulation, unless such trap shall be physically attached to a line to a pier, dock, piling, bulkhead, boathouse, or other structure, on or attached to the shore. Such line shall allow the crab trap to be placed no farther than a distance of ten feet (10') from the pier, dock, boathouse, or shoreline. No more than five traps shall be allowed per property.

Recreational crab traps shall be marked with an orange floating, visible buoy not less than six inches (6") in diameter or width. The buoy shall have a legible letter "R," at least two inches (2") high, permanently affixed to it.

Crab traps which are no longer serviceable or in use shall be removed from the water by the owner thereof. No person shall intentionally damage or destroy crab traps or the floats or lines attached thereto.

Any unidentified, improperly marked, or illegally placed crab trap shall be considered a nuisance and may be confiscated.

Any person, firm, or corporation taking, catching, selling, transporting, or possessing crabs shall have in their possession a valid license, if applicable, for such activity.

Such license shall be immediately available for inspection, upon request, by a conservation enforcement officer or other authorized agent.

## **FINFISH**

### **Saltwater Rod and Reel License**

Annual licenses expire one year from the date of issue.

Resident - \$16.00 Annual  
7-day trip - \$6.00  
Annual Pier (fish from public piers - residents only) - \$6.00  
Nonresident - 7 day  
Florida - \$16.00  
Louisiana - \$52.00  
Georgia - \$11.00  
Mississippi - \$15.00  
Tennessee - \$16.00  
All Other States - \$11.00  
Nonresident - Annual  
Florida - \$31.00  
Louisiana - \$67.00  
Georgia - \$31.00  
Mississippi - \$31.00  
Tennessee - \$31.00  
All Other States - \$31.00

### **Pier License**

Piers located in inside waters of state may purchase license (allows residents to fish without additional license) - \$1,000.00

### **Commercial Party Boat**

Persons onboard may fish without additional license. Certified:  
Up to 6 People - \$201.00  
7 - 25 People - \$301.00  
Over 25 People - \$501.00

### **Commercial Hook and Line License**

Resident - \$101.00 + annual saltwater rod and reel license  
Nonresident - \$201.00 + annual saltwater rod and reel license

It is unlawful to possess in Alabama any species of saltwater fish or seafood product taken in federal waters or the waters of another state unlawfully in violation of any applicable federal or other state creel, possession, or size limit.

It is unlawful to sell speckled trout, red drum, and tarpon caught in state waters. Season closes for red snapper, king mackerel, and shark upon closure of federal waters. No allowance for undersize fish.

Saltwater fishing license requirements shall be applicable to such activities as provided within Sections 9-11-53.1, 53.5, and 55.2, Code of Alabama 1975 which occur south of the following line: Beginning at the Mississippi state line, a meandering line following U.S. Highway 90 eastwardly to its junction with State Highway 188; State Highway 188 eastwardly to its junction with State Highway 193; State Highway 193 northwardly to its junction with State Highway 163; State Highway 163 northwardly to its intersection with Interstate Highway 10 (except all of the Theodore Industrial Canal); Interstate Highway 10 eastbound lane (except that portion of Interstate Highway 10 which lies north of State Highway 90 Battleship Parkway, in which case the line follows the Battleship Parkway) to Interstate Highway 10's intersection with U.S. Highway 98; U.S. Highway 98 southwardly and eastwardly to its intersection with State Highway 59; State Highway 59 southwardly to its intersection with Baldwin County Highway 20; Baldwin County Highway 20 eastwardly to its intersection with Baldwin County Highway 95; Baldwin County Highway 95 northwardly to its intersection with U.S. Highway 98; U.S. Highway 98 eastwardly to its intersection with the western shore of Perdido Bay; then the western shore of Perdido Bay northwardly to the intersection of the Florida state line and the mouth of the Perdido River.

All commercial fishing operations, as well as recreational netting operations, and all gear used in any of such operations, in state jurisdictional waters south of Interstate 10 eastbound lane (except that portion of Interstate Highway 10 which lies north of State Highway 90 Battleship Parkway, in which case the line follows the Battleship Parkway) shall be subject to those laws, rules, and regulations of the ADCNR/MRD.

Recreational Size and Possession Limits for Alabama are as follows:

Species	Daily bag	Possession	Minimum length in inches	Maximum length in inches
Cobia		2	33 FL	
Spotted seatrout		10	14 TL <sup>1</sup>	
Red drum		3	16 TL <sup>1</sup>	26 TL
Red snapper		4	15 TL	
Snapper --		10/person in aggregate		
Gray			12 TL	
Mutton			12 TL	
Yellowtail			12 TL	
Vermillion		Note <sup>2</sup>	10 TL	
Lane		Note <sup>2</sup>	8 TL	
Spanish mackerel		10		
King mackerel		2	20 FL	
Greater amberjack		1	28 FL	
Striped bass		6 <sup>3</sup>	16 TL	
Gray triggerfish			12 TL	
Gag grouper		All groupers 5/person in aggregate	20 TL	
Tarpon		Tag required	60 TL	
Florida pompano		No limit	12 TL	
Mullet		25 per person or vessel		

<sup>1</sup>No allowance for undersized fish, except: speckled trout - 2; redfish - no undersized fish allowed, 1 may exceed the maximum size

<sup>2</sup>Note: There is a 20-fish aggregate bag limit for reef fish species for which there is no other bag limit (including banded rudderfish and lesser amberjack)

<sup>3</sup>When caught in areas designated as salt water

Commercial Size and Possession Limits for Alabama are as follows:

Species	Daily bag	Possession	Minimum length in inches	Maximum length in inches
Red snapper <sup>1</sup>			15 TL	
Cobia		2	33 FL	
Gag grouper			20 TL	
Striped bass <sup>2</sup>			16 TL	
Florida pompano			12 TL	
Vermillion snapper			8 TL	
Lane snapper			8 TL	
Gray snapper			12 TL	
Mutton snapper			12 TL	
Yellowtail snapper			12 TL	
King mackerel			20 FL	
Greater amberjack			36 FL	
Mullet <sup>3</sup>		25 per person or vessel		

<sup>1</sup>Commercial vessels which hold a valid federal red snapper Class 1 license and the federal reef-fish commercial vessel permit may land in Alabama, up to, but not to exceed, 2000 pounds per vessel per trip of red snapper taken from Alabama waters; all other validly licensed Alabama commercial fishermen holding the red snapper Class 2 license and the federal reef-fish commercial vessel permit are restricted to the landing in Alabama of no more than 200 pounds per vessel per trip of red snapper taken from Alabama waters.

<sup>2</sup>When caught in areas designated as salt water.

<sup>3</sup>October 24-December 31 taken by cast net or snagging.

### **Closed Season and Creel/Possession Limit on King Mackerel for Commercial Purposes**

During such period of time that the federal waters (adjoining Alabama waters) are closed to the commercial harvest of king mackerel, it shall be unlawful to take, harvest, or possess, for commercial purposes, king mackerel, from the waters of the state of Alabama.

### **Closed Season and Creel/Possession Limit on Sharks for Commercial Purposes**

It shall be unlawful to take, harvest, or possess, for commercial purposes, sharks from the waters of Alabama provided, however, that gill net fishermen targeting other fish shall be allowed to keep an incidental bycatch of sharks totaling no more than ten percent (10%) by number of other fishes taken.

## **SALTWATER NETS**

### **Purse Seine Licenses**

Resident - \$1,500.00  
Nonresident - \$3,000.00

### **Permits**

Permits expire September 30 of each year.  
Recreational nets shall not exceed 300' in length; commercial nets shall not exceed 2,400' in length (main top line).  
Resident Recreational - \$51.00  
Resident Commercial - \$301.00 plus additional \$501.00 for roe mullet and Spanish mackerel permit.  
Non-resident Commercial - \$1,500.00 plus additional \$2,500.00 for roe mullet and Spanish mackerel permit.  
Non-resident Recreational - pays the same fee as that charged Alabama resident to conduct same activity in applicant's state of residence provided non-residents pay no less than twice the cost for license that Alabama residents pay.

Permits for commercial net and seine permits shall only be issued to persons who purchased such licenses in two of five years from 1989 through 1993 and who have proof of 50% of their gross income from fishing or persons who purchased such a license in all five years and have filed annual income tax returns in all years.

All nets and seines must be licensed except seines used for taking bait. Bait seines shall not exceed 25' in length or 4' in depth. A license made out to an individual is not transferable; licensee must be present when net is in use. A seafood dealers license is also required if fish are sold to other than an Alabama seafood dealer. A license is not required for cast nets when used recreationally by Alabama residents.

### **Restrictions**

It shall be unlawful to use purse seines for the taking or attempting to take fishes of other than those of the families Clupeidae (menhaden and herrings) and Engraulidae (anchovies). The starting date for the commercial menhaden season in the territorial waters of Alabama shall be the third Monday in April and the closing date shall be November 1 of each year (both dates inclusive). The taking of menhaden by purse seine shall be permitted only in those waters of Mississippi Sound and the Gulf of Mexico as described: Mississippi Sound and the Gulf of Mexico west of a line extending from the southernmost tip of Point aux Pines to Bayou La Batre channel marker number 17, then to the southernmost point of the Isle aux Herbes (Coffee Island), thence eastward to the easternmost point of March Island, then southward to Gulf Intracoastal Waterway Range Beacon "C," thence southward into the Gulf of Mexico for a distance of three (3) miles, except those waters lying within a radius of one (1) mile from the western point of Dauphin Island."

Gill nets must be marked every 100' with a color contrasting float and every 300' with the fisherman's permit number. Recreational nets must be marked with the licensee's name and license number. The allowable depth of commercial gill nets, trammel nets, and other entangling nets may vary by area.

During the period January 1 through October 1 of each year, gill nets, trammel nets, and other entangling nets used to catch any fish in gulf water in Alabama's territorial jurisdiction must have a minimum mesh size of 1¼" bar (knot to knot). A minimum mesh size of 1⅞" bar is required for such nets used to take mullet during the period October 24 through December 31 of each year for all Alabama coastal waters under the jurisdiction of the MRD, and only strike nets may be used in certain waters of Bon Secour Bay during this period. Any person using a 1⅞" or larger bar mesh net during the period October 24 through December 31 of each year shall be considered a roe mullet fisherman and must possess a roe mullet permit. The minimum mesh for nets used in these excepted areas shall be generally the same as previously described by season for other coastal waters.

The use of purse seines to catch mullet is prohibited. Commercial and recreational gill net fishermen may use only one net at any time; however, commercial fishermen may possess more than one such net. No hook and line device may contain more than five hooks when used in Alabama waters under the jurisdiction of the MRD.

Gill nets, trammel nets, seines, purse seines, and other entangling nets are prohibited in any marked navigational channel, Theodo. Industrial Canal, Little Lagoon Pass, or any man-made canal; within 300' of any man-made canal or the mouth of any river, stream, bayou, or creek; and within 300' of any pier, marina, dock, boat launching ramp, or certain "relic" piers. Recreational gill nets may not be used beyond 300' of any shoreline, and they may not extend into the water beyond the end of any adjacent pier or block ingress or egress from any of the aforementioned structures.

From January 1 through October 1 of each year, gill nets, trammel nets, seines, haul seines, and other entangling nets are prohibited within 0.25 miles of shore, except (and subject to other provisions) waters east of longitude 87°59' which will be open from 6:00 p.m. to 6:00 a.m. each day from March 15 through the Thursday before Memorial Day. From October 2 through December 31, only mullet may be caught with 1⅞" minimum mesh nets in these waters during these hours.

From January 1 through the day after Labor Day of each year, entangling nets are prohibited in certain waters in and around Dauphin Island. From the first day after Labor Day through October 23 of each year, possession of mullet aboard a boat with net gear is prohibited in Bon Secour and Mobile bays north of the Intercoastal Waterway.

It is illegal to remove the roe or otherwise process roe mullet aboard any boat or vessel in Alabama. All nets must be constantly attended by the licensee, and no dead fish or other dead seafood may be discarded within three miles of gulf beaches, 500' of any shoreline, or into any river, stream, bayou, or creek.

### **Finfish Taken as Bait by Bait Purse Seine**

Bait Fishery Defined; Fishery Restrictions: An experimental offshore bait purse seine fishery in Alabama's territorial waters of the Gulf of Mexico for schooling, pelagic fish species (listed below) to be marketed exclusively as bait is herein authorized. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to use a bait purse seine in Alabama's territorial waters of the Gulf of Mexico except as follows:

Gear Specifications: Purse seines utilized in taking or attempting to take bait fish species in the offshore territorial waters of the state of Alabama must be constructed entirely of one-half inch (½") knot to knot mesh webbing. This gear will be referred to in this rule as a "bait

purse seine.” The use of any purse seine in this bait fishery constructed of webbing sized other than that provided herein is illegal, and the possession on board a boat in the waters of Alabama of a bait purse seine in which the webbing is sized other than as specified in this rule is prohibited.

**Waters Open to the Fishery:** The taking of finfish species as bait by bait purse seine shall be permitted in all of Alabama’s territorial waters of the Gulf of Mexico south of a line one-fourth (¼) mile from the shoreline, including Pelican/Sand Island, seaward to a distance of three (3) miles from shore. These waters shall be open Monday through Friday except on state or national holidays. It shall be unlawful to take or attempt to take bait species using a bait purse seine in any inside waters of the state of Alabama as defined by Rule 220-3-.04(1) or in Pelican Bay (described as those waters encompassed by a line running south from Mobile Point Light at Fort Morgan to Sand Island Tower (Lighthouse), then northwesterly along the contour of Sand/Pelican Island, and then from the west end of Pelican Island to the Dauphin Island Park and Beach Board pier, then east along the shoreline of Dauphin Island to the most southeastern tip of Dauphin Island and from this point southeastwardly across the mouth of Mobile Bay to Mobile Point Light at Fort Morgan.

**Species Restrictions:** A bait purse seine may lawfully be used for taking or attempting to take only the following fishes to be marketed expressly as bait: round scad, *Decapterus punctatus*; rough scad, *Trachurus lathami*; bigeye scad, *Selar crumenophthalmus*; chub mackerel, *Scomber japonicus*; ladyfish, *Elops saurus*; and blue runner, *Caranx crysos*.

**License Requirement:** The operator of any vessel upon which a bait purse seine is possessed must hold a valid Alabama purse seine license.

**Observer Requirement:** Any vessel upon which a bait purse seine is possessed must have a bona fide fishery observer on board or comply with reporting requirements as determined by criteria established by the Director, ADCNR/MRD when such vessel is away from port and on the fishing grounds.

**Landing Requirement:** All fish taken as bait by bait purse seine in Alabama waters by a duly licensed bait purse seine vessel must be landed in the state of Alabama.

**Reporting Protocol:** Each bait purse seine vessel operator must submit reports in standardized form detailing catch, fishing conditions, and fishing equipment by individual fishing trip to the ADCNR/MRD at weekly intervals. Reports will be submitted each Tuesday, detailing fishing activities for the previous Monday through Friday fishing week.

The bait purse seining activities conducted pursuant to this rule shall not be construed as purse seining for the purposes of Section 9-12-115.1, Code of Alabama 1975.

**Bycatch Restrictions:** It shall be unlawful in the territorial waters of Alabama to retain or possess any duly designated “game fish” on board any vessel upon which a bait purse seine is concurrently possessed. Bycatch allowances for species other than gamefish expressed as a percentage of targeted catch will be deferred until such time as representative biological and catch data can be compiled. Data regarding allowable bycatch (non gamefish) will be compiled on a per trip basis.

**Closure Provisions:** Due to the novelty of this fishery and a subsequent lack of data regarding its prosecution in the territorial waters of Alabama, this bait fishery shall be subject to immediate closure and/or reopening upon order of the Director, ADCNR/MRD. Entry into the

fishery may be limited, or annual, species-specific quotas may be developed as fishery data become available.

Any person, firm, or corporation violating any of the provisions of this regulation shall be punished as provided by law.

## SEAFOOD DEALER LICENSE

Required of any person, firm, or corporation selling, brokering, trading, bartering, or processing any fresh or frozen seafood. To obtain a seafood dealer license, tax identification number, proof of business license, and appropriate health permit are required (if applicable). License required for each place of business (“place of business” means a permanent structure on land or a vehicle from which seafood is sold or purchased if owner/operator does not have a licensed permanent structure).

Resident Seafood Dealer - \$201.00

Nonresident Seafood Dealer - \$401.00 or the same fee that is charged an Alabama resident in their state if Alabama residents are charged more than \$401.00.

## SEAFOOD DEALER VEHICLE LICENSE

Resident and nonresident - \$101.00 per vehicle

Only holders of a valid Alabama seafood dealer license may purchase a seafood dealer vehicle license.

## SEAFOOD REPORTING AND LANDING REGULATION

Alabama code requires that each and every person, firm, or corporation holding a seafood dealer’s license issued by the commissioner of conservation and natural resources or his or her authorized agent shall under oath make a monthly report to the Director of the MRD, on blanks provided for that purpose by the Director.

All saltwater finfish commercially harvested in the state of Alabama, except those lawfully taken by purse seine, shall be landed in this state and reported through a properly licensed Alabama seafood dealer. Persons who are transporting commercially harvested saltwater finfish out of the state of Alabama must have in their possession proof that said finfish were first landed and reported to a licensed Alabama seafood dealer.

Commercially harvested living marine products other than saltwater finfish taken from Alabama waters including, but not limited to, oysters, crabs, shrimp, other marine invertebrates and live rock, may be landed outside the state of Alabama provided the dealer to which products are sold provides to the Director of MRD at monthly intervals the fisherman’s name and license or permit number, the species purchased, the volume and price paid for the product, date and area of harvest, and date of purchase; provided that if the dealer outside the state of Alabama to which product was sold fails to report as required, it will be the responsibility of the fisherman who sold the product to provide to the Director of the MRD at monthly intervals the above required information.

All motor vehicles, trailers, or semi-trailers transporting aquatic products for commercial purposes are required to exhibit the inscription “FISH” on the rear of the vehicle. The inscription shall read from left to right, be attached or painted on the vehicle in block Arabic letters of good proportion in contrasting color to the background and be at least 6" in height.

## FLORIDA

The following is an unofficial compilation of marine laws and regulations for Florida. It was compiled by enforcement personnel of the Gulf States specifically for their information and convenience. The information is current as of September 30, 1999, but changes may occur at any time. For definitive enforcement regulations contact an office of the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, Bureau of Marine Enforcement (formerly known as the Florida Marine Patrol). General headquarters: Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, Division of Law Enforcement, Bureau of Marine Enforcement, 620 South Meridian Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399.

### Commercial Saltwater Products License

Saltwater products license (SPL) is required to engage in commercial finfishing, trapping stone crabs, blue crabs, the harvest of crawfish, commercial trawling for shrimp, non-resident sponge fishing, and for the taking of any species over the established recreational bag limit. A SPL is issued in the name of an individual or a valid boat registration number. A SPL is required to sell saltwater products (your harvest), and they can only be sold to a licensed wholesale dealer.

Resident individual - \$50.00

Non-resident - \$200.00

Alien individual - \$300.00

Resident vessel - \$100.00

Non-resident vessel - \$400.00

Alien vessel - \$600.00

Note: Vessel SPL covers captain and crew onboard vessel.

### Recreational Saltwater Fishing License

Resident 10-day - \$11.50

Resident 1-year - \$13.50

Resident 5-year - \$61.50

Non-resident 3-day - \$6.50

Non-resident 7-day - \$16.50

Non-resident 1-year - \$31.50

(Above licenses available through subagents for an additional \$.50 each.)

### Annual Commercial Vessel Saltwater Fishing License

11 or more customers - \$801.50

5-10 customers - \$401.50

4 or less customers - \$201.50

Optional Pier Saltwater Fishing License - \$501.50

Optional Recreational Vessel License - \$2,001.50

## SHRIMP

### Turtle Excluder Device

A turtle excluder device (TED) is required in all trawls in state waters. The possession aboard any vessel in or on state waters of any trawl rigged for fishing that does not have a qualified TED installed therein is prohibited except for the following types of gear: 1) a single try net; 2) a roller frame trawl; 3) an experimental trawl authorized by the NMFS; 4) trawls operated on the inside waters with a headrope length not greater than 35' and a perimeter around the leading edge not exceeding 105'.

### Otter Trawl Gear Specifications: Bycatch Reduction Devices

Where required on a regional basis by rule, no person shall operate or fish any otter trawl, or possess any otter trawl that is rigged for fishing aboard any vessel which does not have a bycatch reduction device (BRD) installed therein meeting the requirements.

No person shall rig or alter the BRD installed in any trawl in any manner so as to render the BRD nonfunctioning or ineffective in excluding species other than shrimp from the trawl.

A BRD shall be deemed to meet the requirements if it is one of two types:

1. Florida Finfish Excluder - this device shall consist of at least one rigid exit opening frame made of no smaller than 1/4" steel or aluminum rod sewn into each trawl. Each exit opening frame shall be at least 12" in length and have an apex of three bars pointing forward to orient the exit opening in the direction of the mouth of the trawl. The opening thus created shall be in the shape of a parallelogram or oval and no smaller than 36 square inches in area and 5" across the opening in the shortest dimension. The opening formed by each frame shall be no further forward in the cod end than 70% of the distance between the draw string (tie-off rings) and the beginning of the tail bag (excluding any extension). The frame shall be installed on the top side of the cod end, no more than 15 meshes to the side of the centerline.
2. Extended Funnel BRD - this device consists of a funnel of small mesh netting within a cylinder of large mesh netting, held open by at least one semi-rigid hoop, which trawl section is located behind the TED. One side of the funnel is extended vertically to provide a passage for shrimp to the cod end and create an area of reduced waterflow to allow for fish escapement through the larger mesh outer netting. This BRD should meet the following specifications: 1) the small mesh funnel and large mesh section shall be positioned within an extension section constructed of no smaller than 1 5/8" stretched mesh nylon netting, no less than 120 meshes in circumference. The portion of the extension in front of the large mesh section shall be no less than 6 1/2 meshes long, and the section behind the large mesh section shall be no shorter than 23 meshes in length; 2) the small mesh funnel shall be constructed of no less than 1 3/8" stretched mesh netting. This component shall have a circumference of no less than 120 meshes at the leading edge and no less than 104 meshes at the trailing edge. The sort side of the funnel shall be at least 36" long, while approximately one half of the opposite side of the funnel shall extend at least 22" further toward the trailing edge of the funnel and shall be attached no less than three meshes forward of the large mesh leading edge. At least seven meshes of the short side of the funnel shall be attached to the back section of extension webbing on the top and bottom at least eight meshes back from the trailing edge of the large mesh section; 3) the larger mesh outer section shall consist of no smaller than 8" stretched mesh netting cut on the bar. The section shall have a circumference no smaller than 19 meshes and a length of at least three meshes; and 4) the leading edge of the large mesh section shall be attached to one semi-rigid hoop with a minimum diameter of 24" constructed of plastic-coated trawl cable. It shall be installed at least five meshes behind the trailing edge of the large mesh section. If a soft TED is used, a second hoop of identical construction shall be installed at the leading edge of the funnel.

### Commercial Season

Contact your local FWC office concerning local laws of Florida, Special Acts.

Escambia, Santa Rosa, and Okaloosa Counties: In Escambia Bay and above a line running east from Robinson Point in Blackwater Bay and east of a line running north across Alexon Point in East Bay, season is closed from January 1 through September 15. All bayous in Escambia County, from Brooks Bridge at Fort Walton Beach west to the Bob Sikes Bridge, and those parts of Five Mile Bayou, west of the bridge of State Road 85 crossing Garnier's Bayou are closed to shrimping.

During open seasons, shrimping is allowed only during daylight hours. No person shall harvest shrimp as a food shrimp producer, as defined in Rule 68B-31.006, in the following waters of Okaloosa County: all waters of Five Mile Bayou west of S.R. 85 bridge crossing said bayou and all waters of Chula Vista, Don's, Little, and Garnier bayous north of S.R. 85 bridge crossing Garnier Bayou.

Franklin and Wakulla Counties: All areas north of the Gorrie Memorial Bridge are permanently closed. From April 1 to June 15, the area from Cape San Blas to Cape St. George (three miles seaward) is closed to nets exceeding 18' on the cork line. From March 1 to May, shrimping is prohibited in designated waters adjacent to Wakulla County. From July 15 to September 15, the Apalachicola Bay and St. Vincent Sound are closed during the daylight hours. Shrimping is closed in a portion of the Carrabelle River west and north of State Road 30 and in that portion of the Ochlockonee Bay west of State Road 30 all year. For additional closed areas, see 68B-31.018.

Citrus, Pasco, and Hernando Counties: Shrimping in designated areas during designated dates is prohibited. See 68B-38.001.

Taylor County: No person shall operate any trawl within the following described area: beginning at a point on the shoreline of the gulf on the north side of the channel at Steinhatchee; thence westerly along the line of navigational buoys marking the north side of said channel to flashing light number "1" marking the outer extent of said channel; thence westerly to navigational flashing light number "18"; thence northwesterly to navigational flashing light number "22"; thence north-northwesterly to a privately maintained flashing light at Gamble Point near the mouth of the Aucilla River; thence southeasterly along the shoreline along the gulf to the point of beginning. A person possessing a live bait shrimping license issued by the department pursuant to Section 370.15, FL Statutes, may operate a trawl or trawls within the area described in subsection 3 if each of the following conditions is met: the person is harvesting live bait shrimp using no more than two roller frame trawls and neither the upper or lower horizontal beam on a roller frame trawl so used is greater than 15' in length.

As used in this rule: "roller frame trawl" means a trawl with all of the following: 1) a rectangular rigid frame to keep the mouth of the trawl open while being towed; 2) the lower horizontal beam of the frame has rollers to allow the trawl to roll over the bottom and any obstructions while being towed; 3) the trawl opening is shielded by a grid of vertical bars spaced no more than 3" apart; 4) the trawl is towed by attaching a line or towing cable to a tongue located above or at the center of the upper horizontal beam of the frame; and 5) the trawl has no doors attached to keep the mouth of the trawl open. "Trawl" means a net in the form of an elongated bag with the mouth kept open by various means and fished by being towed or dragged on the bottom. See 68B-31.003.

Lee County: Shrimping prohibited within a designated area. See 68B-38.002.

Tortugas Shrimp Bed: Shrimping prohibited except for live bait shrimping under permit. See 68B-31.016.

Florida East Coast Shrimp Bed: Night shrimping prohibited September through May. See 68B-31.0156.

#### Recreational Season

All rules and regulations of commercial shrimp season apply, except in Wakulla County.

#### Commercial Gear Limitations

See net limitation information following this section.

Statewide Food Shrimp Production: Brine box is prohibited. In or on nearshore and inshore waters - a single try net with a headrope length not greater than 10' and a perimeter around the leading edge of the net not greater than 30' is allowed. Other than nearshore and inshore waters - a single try net with a headrope length not greater than 20' and a perimeter around the leading edge of the net not greater than 60' is allowed. Legal try net must be pulled immediately in front of another trawl and not connected to another trawl in any way. Such try net shall have a mesh size no smaller than that allowed for trawls in the region where used. Prohibits the harvest of shrimp for food shrimp, live bait, or recreational on the same trip.

The state is divided into five regions for the purpose of lawfully allowed gear in each region for the harvest of food shrimp. The regions and the legal harvest gear are as follows:

Northwest Region Food Shrimp Production (all state waters of Escambia, Santa Rosa, Okaloosa, Walton, Bay, Gulf and Franklin Counties): No person shall harvest shrimp in the inshore waters of the region as a food shrimp producer with any type of gear other than: a roller frame trawl meeting the following specifications: 1) neither the upper or lower horizontal beam is greater than 16' in length; 2) the vertical bars shielding the trawl opening are spaced no further than 3" apart; and 3) no more than four such trawls shall be towed by a single vessel at any time; or an otter trawl meeting either of the following specifications: 1) a single otter trawl with a headrope length not greater than 50' and a perimeter around the leading edge of the net not greater than 150'; or 2) two otter trawls, each with a headrope length not greater than 25' and a perimeter around the leading edge of the net not greater than 75'. Two trawls meeting these specifications may be connected and each attached to a sled, used in lieu of the inner door on each trawl, if a separation of at least 10' is maintained between the two trawls at all times during trawling. No trawl shall be used for food shrimp production in the inshore waters of the Northwest Region that has a mesh size less than 3/4" bar measurement in the body of the net and 5/8" bar measurement in the cod end. In any trawl with a rigid TED, the section of netting surrounding the device shall have a mesh size no smaller than 1/2" bar measurement and shall be no more than 50 meshes in total length. No otter trawl shall be used for food shrimp production in the Northwest Region that is not in compliance with Rule 68B-31.004. In the Northwest Region, no person harvesting shrimp as a food shrimp producer shall operate or fish any otter trawl, or possess any otter trawl that is rigged for fishing aboard any vessel, which trawl does not have a BRD installed therein meeting the requirement of Rule 68B-31.0045.

Big Bend Region Food Shrimp Production (state waters of Wakulla, Jefferson, Taylor, Dixie, Levy, Citrus, Hernando, and Pasco Counties): No person shall harvest shrimp in the region as a food shrimp producer with any type of gear other than a roller frame trawl meeting the following specifications: 1) neither the upper or lower horizontal beam on a roller frame trawl so used is greater than 16' in length; 2) the vertical bars shielding the trawl opening are spaced no further than 3" apart; 3) no such trawl shall have a mesh size less than 3/4" bar measurement in the body of the net and 5/8" bar measurement in the cod end; and 4) in the nearshore and inshore Florida waters of the region, no more than two such trawls unconnected shall be towed by a single vessel at any time. In all other waters of the region, no more than four such trawls shall be towed by a single vessel at any time. Each person harvesting shrimp in the region as a food shrimp producer shall comply with Rule 68B-38.003.

Southwest Region Food Shrimp Production (state waters of Pinellas, Hillsborough, Manatee, Sarasota, Charlotte, Lee, and Collier Counties): No person shall harvest shrimp in the inshore waters of the region as a food shrimp producer with any type of gear other than — a roller frame trawl meeting the following specifications: 1) neither the upper or lower horizontal beam on the roller frame trawl so used is greater than 16' in length; 2) the vertical bars shielding the trawl

opening are spaced no further than 3" apart; and 3) no more than four such trawls shall be towed by a single vessel at any time; or an otter trawl meeting either of the following specifications: 1) except in Tampa Bay, a single otter trawl with a headrope length not greater than 25' and a perimeter around the leading edge of the net not greater than 75'; or 2) in Tampa Bay, no more than two otter trawls, each with a headrope length not greater than 25' and a perimeter around the leading edge of the net not greater than 75'. Two trawls meeting these specifications may be connected and each attached to a sled, used in lieu of the inner door on each trawl, if a separation of at least 10' is maintained between the two trawls during trawling. No trawl shall be used for food shrimp production in the inshore waters of the Southwest Region that has a mesh size less than 7/8" bar measurement in the body of the net and 3/4" bar measurement in the cod end. In any trawl with a rigid TED, the section of netting surrounding the device shall have a mesh size no smaller than 5/8" bar measurement and shall be no more than 50 meshes in total length. No otter trawl shall be used for food shrimp production in the Southwest Region that is not in compliance with Rule 68B-31.004. In the Southwest Region, no person harvesting shrimp as a food shrimp producer shall operate or fish any otter trawl, or possess any otter trawl that is rigged for fishing aboard any vessel, which trawl does not have a BRD installed therein meeting the requirements of Rule 68B-31.0045.

Southeast Region Food Shrimp Production (state waters of Indian River, St. Lucie, Martin, Palm Beach, Broward, Dade and Monroe Counties): No person shall harvest shrimp in the nearshore and inshore Florida waters of the Southeast Region as a food shrimp producer with any type of gear other than — a wing net meeting the following specifications: 1) no wing net shall have an opening larger than 28' around the perimeter; 2) no more than two unconnected wing nets shall be attached to or fished from a single vessel; 3) no wing net shall be fished by towing or dragging it over the bottom; 4) each wing net shall be no larger in mesh area than specified by Rule 68B-31.0035(2). In all waters of the Southeast Region outside nearshore and inshore Florida waters, no person harvesting shrimp as a food producer shall operate or fish any otter trawl, or possess any otter trawl that is rigged for fishing aboard any vessel, which trawl does not have a BRD installed therein meeting the requirements of Rule 68B-31.0045.

Northeast Region Food Shrimp Production (state waters of Nassau, Duval, St. Johns, Flagler, Volusia, and Brevard Counties, including all of the St. Johns River): Except as provided for Volusia County in Rule 68B-3.008(3)(g), no person shall harvest shrimp in the inshore waters of the region as a food shrimp producer with any type of gear other than: a roller frame trawl meeting the following specifications: 1) neither the upper or lower horizontal beam on a roller frame trawl used is greater than 16' in length; 2) the vertical bars shielding the trawl opening are spaced no further than 3" apart; and 3) no more than four such trawls shall be towed by a single vessel at any time; or an otter trawl meeting the following specifications: 1) the trawl shall have a perimeter around the leading edge of the net not greater than 100'; and 2) no more than one such trawl shall be towed by a single vessel at any time. No trawl shall be used for food shrimp production in the inshore waters of the Northeast Region that has a mesh size less than 3/4" bar measurement in the body of the net and 5/8" bar measurement in the cod end. In any trawl with a rigid TED, the section of netting surrounding the device shall have a mesh size no smaller than 1/2" bar measurement and shall be no more than 50 meshes in total length.

For closed areas and seasons, see 68B-31.0155 (Northeast), 68B-31.017 (Big Bend), and 68B-31.018 (Northwest).

Each person harvesting shrimp in or on state waters as a food shrimp producer shall possess shrimp that are of legal size; average count not exceeding 47 shrimp per pound with heads-on or 70 shrimp per pound with heads-off, except in designated regions where count law has been

removed.

#### **Recreational Gear Limitations**

Allowable recreational harvest gear: landing or dip net with an opening no larger than 96" around the perimeter; cast net with a radius no greater than 12½'; push net; one frame net with an opening no larger than 16' around the perimeter; shrimp trap; beach or haul seine with a mesh area no larger than 500 square feet.

#### **Commercial Legal Size**

47 count heads-on or 70 count heads-off, except in designated regions where count law has been removed.

#### **Recreational Legal Size**

No size limit.

#### **Commercial Pounds Allowed**

No Limit.

#### **Recreational Pounds Allowed**

Five gallons heads-on per person or vessel, whichever is less.

### **LIVE BAIT**

#### **License**

SPL required. In St. Johns River (Duval County) a live bait production license is required.

#### **Season**

All year.

#### **Gear**

All live bait shrimp boats must be equipped with live bait shrimp tanks. Net cannot exceed 60' perimeter measurement.

#### **Legal Size**

No restrictions.

#### **Pounds Allowed**

In all counties no more than five gallons of dead shrimp are allowed on board.

#### **Restrictions**

Harvest gear is limited to roller frame trawls only throughout the state except in St. Johns River and Volusia counties.

### **SHELLFISH - OYSTERS AND CLAMS**

#### **License Requirements**

Oysters and clams can only be harvested from approved shellfish harvesting areas.

Oyster Harvesting License - Required for Apalachicola Bay only.

Resident - \$100.00

Non-resident and Alien - \$500.00

Oyster Relaying Permit - No Charge.

Oyster Leases - \$5.00/acre

#### **Seasons**

Season is closed between June 1 and September 1 of each year in Dixie and Levy counties. All other areas July through September.

#### **Gear**

Dredges may be used for harvesting oysters or clams on private leases after posting a \$3,000 bond and securing a special activity license.

#### **Size Limits**

Minimum size for oysters is 3". Minimum size for clams is 1" thick.

### Commercial Limits

Bag limits are established in certain areas of the state for oysters.

### Leases

Information available from the Division of Marine Fisheries.

### Restrictions

Oysters and clams can only be harvested from an approved shellfish harvesting area.

### Recreational

Harvest limited to two (2) bags per person or boat, whichever is less per day.

## SHELLFISH - CRABS

### Licenses

An SPL is required to fish with more than five (5) blue crab or stone crab traps.

Saltwater Products License - Required by the fisherman to sell any saltwater product and allows sale only to a licensed wholesale dealer.

### Restrictions

Stone crab season is closed between May 15 and October 15.

### Legal Size

Hardshell blue crabs must be 5" in width if sold. Stone crab claws must have 2¼" forearm length.

### Recreational

Allowed five (5) blue crab traps or less without an SPL.

Allowed five (5) stone crab traps or less without an SPL.

## SHELLFISH - LOBSTERS

### License

\$100.00

### Season

August 6-March 31 for spiny lobster. Trap may be placed in the water five days prior to season. Traps must be removed from the water by April 5. There is a special two-day non-trap recreational spiny lobster season the last Wednesday and successive Thursday prior to August 1.

### Gear

Wood slat traps and plastic traps with a degradable panel located on the top horizontal section of the trap. Trap can be no larger than 3'x2'x2' or equivalent.

### Vessel and Gear Identification

Each trap must have a trap tag and a buoy or be attached to a trap trotline; all traps and buoys must have the trap number permanently affixed. Buoy numbers shall be at least 2" high. The buoy color and trap number must be displayed on boats working traps so as to be readily identifiable from both the air and water. Trap tags are issued by the department at a cost of \$.50 per tag.

### Size Restrictions

Spiny lobsters minimum size is more than 3" carapace or 5½" tail measurement if separated from head. Separating the head from tail of lobster is prohibited in state waters.

### Harvest Limitations

Egg bearing lobsters must be returned to the water unharmed. The stripping of eggs or removal of the pleopods from the lobster is prohibited. The bag limit during the two-day recreational season is six spiny lobster per person per day in Monroe County only. A bag limit

of 12 spiny lobster per person per day is allowed in all other areas during the two-day recreational season.

Recreational bag limit during regular season is six lobsters per person or 24 per boat whichever is greater.

Traps worked during daylight hours only. The working of another's traps without written permission is prohibited.

## FINFISH

Recreational size and possession limits are shown on the summary of regulations table beginning on page 12.

## SALTWATER NETS

No gill or entanglement nets allowed in state waters

### Licenses

All commercial nets are required to be licensed with a SPL. SPL numbers must be attached to net.

### Restrictions

Illegal Possession of Seines and Nets - prohibits possession of any fishing seine or net in any county that the use is prohibited by law.

Use of purse seines, gill nets and pound nets, etc. - it is illegal to take food fish from within or without the waters of the state, with a purse seine, purse gill nets, or other net using rings or other devices on the lead line thereof, through which a purse line is drawn, or pound nets, or to take any food fish so taken for sale or shipment.

Seines and pocket bunts - in any county where seines are not prohibited on the open gulf or Atlantic Ocean, such seines may have a pocket bunt on the middle of the seine of a mesh size less than that provided by law. No net may be pulled up on shore where seining is prohibited. Such nets may be gathered, taken in, or taken up by power in the Gulf and Atlantic Ocean, except in Dade and Palm Beach counties. A special activity license must be obtained for the use of gear and equipment for exploration of offshore fishery resources.

Each net fished with, set, or placed in the water shall be tended. Each net fished with, set, or placed in the water shall be marked in the following manner: (a) During the period beginning one hour before official sunrise and ending one hour after official sunset, an international orange float with a diameter of at least 12" or an end buoy equipped with a high flier (a vertical rod rising at least 24" above the surface of the water) displaying a net signal flag shall be affixed at each end of the cork line of the net. The net signal flag shall be triangular, have dimensions no smaller than 12"x18"x18", and have a white circle at least 6" in diameter on a field of bright orange. During the period beginning one hour after official sunset and ending one hour before official sunrise, a white light visible 360° from a distance of not less than one mile shall be affixed at each end of the cork line of the net. If one end of a net is retained aboard the vessel during a fishing operation, such end need not be marked with float, high flier with net signal flag, or light. At all times, corks or floats of contrasting color shall be affixed at no greater than 100-yard intervals along the cork line of the net. (b) Each such float, high flier with net signal flag, light, and cork or float of contrasting color shall be legibly marked with a SPL number which matches either: 1) the SPL number issued for the vessel on which the net is possessed or from which the net is deployed, or 2) the SPL number of the operator of the vessel on which the net is possessed or from which the net is deployed.

The term "tend" means that the person fishing with, setting, or placing the net in the water is either: 1) within 300 yards of the net and using vessel movement and noise to force fish into the meshes of the net where they become entangled or trapped; or 2) within 50 yards of the net if the vessel used is not in constant motion; or 3) physically present

at the net if the net is fished from shore or from a structure attached to shore. The term "net" shall be construed broadly to include all manner of gill and trammel nets and seines, except purse seines. This rule shall not apply to person using gill and trammel nets in the waters of Brevard, Indian River, St. Lucie, Martin, and Palm Beach counties, which person shall comply with Rule 46-4.007. This rule shall apply to persons using seines in these counties. This rule shall not be construed to allow net fishing in closed areas or the use of any fishing gear otherwise prohibited by law or rule.

Use of Seine Nets in St. Johns County - Only cast nets or recreational nets can be used in the saltwaters of St. Johns County and within ¼ mile seaward of the beaches and coast, between May 1 and September 15 of each year and only cast nets and recreational nets can be used on Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays during the remainder of the year.

Only cast nets can be used in the following areas of St. Johns County and adjacent salt waters: 1) one mile radius of the center of Mantanzas Inlet Bridge; 2) in the waters of Salt Run, St. Augustine Inlet, Mantanzas River, North River or the ICW, or water adjacent to any of the aforementioned waters, lying north of Mickler-O'Connell Bridge, South of Vilano Beach Bridge across the ICW and inland of a line drawn from headland to headland across the mouth of St. Augustine Inlet; 3) on the Atlantic Ocean beaches and beach areas, within one mile north and south of the center of St. Augustine Inlet, and within one mile seaward of such beaches, and a line drawn from headland to headland across the mouth of the St. Augustine Inlet; and 4) on the Atlantic Ocean beaches and beach areas, within two miles north and two miles south of the center of St. Augustine Beach Pier, and within one mile seaward of such beaches and beach areas.

The use of seines is prohibited in the salt waters of St. Johns County, within one mile seaward of the beaches and coast, exceeding 1,300' in length or having mesh less than 2½". Only recreational nets can be used in the salt waters of St. Johns County or within one mile seaward of the Atlantic Ocean beaches and coast without a \$250 permit. Such permit entitles the holder to use no more than one seine or net at any

time. Said permit required to be in the holder's possession when the net is in use.

Recreational Nets - In St. Johns County a seine or similar net not exceeding 100' in length, with mesh not smaller than 2½" set and hauled solely by hand and without use of any motor-driven boat or vehicle. No recreational net may be set or hauled within 100' of any other recreational or commercial net. Prohibits the use of a recreational net after sunset or before sunrise between May 1 and September 15. Only one container of fish per net in use can be retained by the holder of a permit. All fish in excess and all unwanted species shall be returned alive to the water when caught.

## SEAFOOD BUSINESS LICENSES

Resident Retail Seafood Dealer
Primary Location - \$25.00
Secondary Location - \$10.00
Non-resident Retail Seafood Dealer
Primary Location - \$200.00
Secondary Location - \$25.00
Alien Retail Seafood Dealer
Primary Location - \$250.00
Secondary Location - \$50.00
Resident County Wholesale Seafood Dealer - \$300.00
Non-resident County Wholesale Seafood Dealer - \$500.00
Alien County Wholesale Seafood Dealer - \$1,000.00
Resident State Wholesale Dealer - \$450.00
Non-resident State Wholesale Dealer - \$1,000.00
Alien State Wholesale Dealer - \$1,500.00

**Note:** *Since local regulations governing the taking of saltwater products may exist, you should contact the FWC, Bureau of Marine Enforcement District Office nearest the location where you will be engaging in these activities for additional information. The laws mentioned here are listed only in part. Contact your local FWC office to see a complete copy of the law in which you are interested.*

Recreational size and possession limits in Florida are as follows:

Species	Size Limit	Closed Season	Daily Recreational Bag Limit	Remarks
Greater Amberjack ▲ R	28" fork	***	1 per person per day	
Lesser Amberjack ▲ R Banded Rudderfish	Not less than 14" or more than 20" fork	***	5 aggregate of lesser amberjack and banded rudderfish	
Billfish	Sailfish 63" Blue Marlin 99" White Marlin 66"	***	1 per person per day Aggregate bag limit	Species includes marlin, spearfish, and sailfish. Federal size limits apply.
Black drum ▲ R	Not less than 14" or more than 24"	***	5 per person per day	May possess one over 24".
Bluefish ▲ R	12" fork	***	10 per person per day	
Bonefish	18"	***	1 per person per day	Illegal to buy or sell.
Clams-hard	1" thick across hinge	***	One 5 gallon bucket per person or 2 buckets per vessel, whichever is less per day	Illegal to harvest from closed areas. Call FWC for current information.
Cobia (ling) ▲	33" fork	***	2 per person per day	
Crab-blue R	***	***	10 gallons whole per day	5 traps maximum. Trap requirements apply. Harvest of egg-bearing crabs prohibited.
Crab-stone R	2¼" claw	Between May 15 and October 15	1 gallon stone crab claws per person or 2 gallons per vessel, whichever is less	5 traps maximum. Trap requirements apply. Illegal to possess whole crabs. Harvest of egg-bearing crabs prohibited.
Crawfish R ▲ (Spiny lobster)	Larger than 3" carapace measured in the water or 5½" tail when wrung on land	April 1 - August 5 Exception: Sport season - last consecutive Wednesday & Thursday of July each year	24 per vessel or 6 per person per day, whichever is greater	Recreational trapping prohibited. Crawfish permit required. Special bag limit for 2-day sport season. Call FWC for current information on sport season.
Dolphin	***	***	10 per person per day	
Flounder ▲ R ◆	12"	***	10 per person per day	May be harvested by spearing.
Grey triggerfish	12"	***	***	
Grouper ▲ R	20"	***	5 aggregate of all species per person per day	Includes yellowfin, red, misty, scamp, yellowmouth, and yellowedge. Harvest of nassau and jewfish prohibited.
Grouper-black and gag ▲ ◆	24" Atlantic and Monroe County 20" Gulf		2 per person per day Atlantic and Monroe County 5 per person per day Gulf	Are included in grouper aggregate bag limits.
Grouper-warsaw ▲ R speckled hind	***	***	1 per vessel per day of each species	Not counted in grouper aggregate bag limit. Illegal to buy or sell.

Hogfish R ▲	12" fork	***	5 per person per day	
Mackerel-king ▲ R ◆	20"	***	2 per person per day	Bag limit in Gulf-Atlantic fishery reduced to 1 when federal waters are closed to all harvest. Call FWC for details.
Mackerel-Spanish ▲ R ◆	12"	***	10 per person per day	Transfer of Spanish mackerel to other vessels at sea is prohibited.
Mullet R	***	***	50 per vessel or person, whichever is less per day	
Oysters	3"	June, July, August in Dixie, Wakulla, and Levy counties July, August, September in all other areas.	2 bags per person or vessel, whichever is less per day 1 bag = 60 lbs or two 5 gallon buckets (whole in shell)	Apalachicola Bay has summer and winter seasons/areas. Harvest from approved shellfish areas only. Call FWC for current information.
Permit ▲ R ◆	Not less than 10" or more than 20"	***	10 per person per day of permit and pompano, 10 aggregate	May possess one over 20". Sale prohibited for permit more than 20".
Pompano ▲ R ◆	Not less than 10" or more than 20"	***	10 per person per day of permit and pompano, 10 aggregate	May possess one over 20". Sale prohibited for pompano more than 20".
Pompano-African ▲ R ◆	Not less than 24"	***	2 fish per person per vessel per day, whichever is less	Hook & line gear only.
Red drum ▲ (redfish)	Not less than 18" or more than 27"	***	1 per person per day	Gigging, spearing, snatching prohibited.
Red porgy ▲	14" on Atlantic Coast	***	5 per person per day - Atlantic	
Scallops-bay	***	September 11 - June 30	2 gallons whole or 1 pint meat per person, no more than 10 gallons whole or ½ gallon meat per vessel anytime	Restricted harvest areas apply to certain state waters. Call FWC for current information.
Sea bass-black ▲	10"	***	20 per person per day - Atlantic	
Shad	***	***	10 aggregate per person per day	American, Alabama, and hickory are part of aggregate limit. Hook and line gear only.
Shark	***	***	1 per person or 2 per vessel per day, whichever is less	Protected species. The practice of finning and filleting at sea prohibited. No harvest of sawfish, basking and whale shark or spotted eagle rays.
Sheepshead ▲ R ◆	12"	***	15 per person per day	
Shrimp	***	April and May closed to Nassau, Duval, St. Johns, Putnam, Flagler, and Clay counties	5 gallons head on per person or per vessel per day	Must be landed in a whole condition. Contact FWC for closed areas.
Snapper-cubera ▲ R	Not less than 12" or more than 30"	***	10 per person per day, under 30" included in aggregate bag limit	No more than two 30" or larger per person or vessel, whichever is less. 30" or larger not included in aggregate bag limit.

Snapper-gray ▲ R (mangrove)	10"	***	5 per person per day, aggregate bag limit	No more than 10 snappers aggregate of all snappers with a bag limit.
Snapper-lane ▲ R	8"	***	10 bag limit applies toward aggregate of all snappers if harvested in Atlantic.	Lane snapper harvested in Gulf of Mexico not subject to aggregate bag limit.
Snapper-mutton ▲ R	16"	***	10 per person per day, aggregate bag limit	No more than 10 snappers aggregate of all snappers with a bag limit.
Snapper-red ▲ R	16" Gulf 20" Atlantic	***	4 Gulf of Mexico per day 2 Atlantic per day	No more than 10 snappers aggregate of all snappers with a bag limit.
Snapper-schoolmaster ▲ R	10"	***	10 per person per day, aggregate bag limit	No more than 10 snappers aggregate of all snappers with a bag limit.
Snapper-vermilion ▲ R	10"	***	Gulf - no bag limit Atlantic - 10 per day	Not counted in snapper aggregate bag limit.
Snapper-all other ▲ R	12"	***	10 aggregate of all snappers with a bag limit	Includes blackfin, cubera under 30", dog, mahogany, queen, silk, and yellowtail snappers.
Snook ▲	Not less than 26" or more than 34"	December 15 - January 31 of each year and June, July, August	2 per person per day	Snook stamp required when saltwater license required. Illegal to possess more than one over 34". Illegal to buy or sell.
Spotted seatrout ▲ R	<i>S Region</i> : not less than 15"-not more than 20" <i>NW Region</i> : not less than 15"-not more than 24" <i>NE Region</i> : not less than 15"-not more than 20"	Regions closed: <i>S</i> - November & December <i>NW</i> - February <i>NE</i> - December, January, February	<i>S</i> - 5 fish per person per day <i>NW</i> - 7 fish per person per day <i>NE</i> - 5 fish per person per day	May possess one fish over the maximum size limit. The <i>South</i> region is defined as all state waters lying between the Volusia/Flagler county line on the Atlantic extending to Pinellas/Pasco line on the gulf. The <i>Northwest</i> region is defined as all state waters north and west of Pinellas/Pasco. The <i>Northeast</i> region is defined as all state waters north of Volusia/Flagler line.
Tarpon	***	***	2 per possession limit	Illegal to buy or sell - requires \$50 tarpon tag to possess or harvest.
Triggerfish (gray) ▲ ◆	12"			All other species of triggerfish have live landing and live well requirements.
Tripletail ▲ R ◆	15"	***	2 per person per day	Hook and line gear only. No snatch hooks.
Weakfish ▲	12"	***	4 per person per day	

R - restricted species

▲ - must remain in whole condition until landed ashore.

◆ - length for these species is defined as the most forward point of the head to the rear center edge of the tail.

It is illegal to harvest, possess, land, purchase, sell, or exchange the following species: nassau grouper, jewfish, sawfish, basking shark, whale shark, spotted eagle ray, sturgeon, white shark, bigeye sand tiger shark, manta ray, sand tiger shark.

## LOUISIANA

The following is an unofficial compilation of marine laws and regulations for Louisiana. It was compiled by enforcement personnel of the Gulf States specifically for their information and convenience. The information is current as of September 30, 1999, but changes may occur at any time. For definitive enforcement regulations contact Louisiana Department of Wildlife and Fisheries (LDWF), P.O. Box 98000, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70898-9000 (225/765-2985).

### SHRIMP

#### Commercial Licenses

All Commercial Shrimp Fishermen must purchase the following licenses:

Commercial Fisherman  
Resident - \$55.00  
Non-resident - \$460.00  
Alien - \$920.00

Vessel  
Resident - \$15.00  
Non-resident - \$60.00  
Alien - \$120.00

Gear  
Resident Shrimp Trawl - \$25.00 per trawl  
Non-resident Shrimp Trawl - \$100.00 per trawl  
Alien Shrimp Trawl - \$200.00 per trawl  
Resident Butterfly - \$25.00 per net  
Non-resident Butterfly - \$100.00 per net  
Alien Butterfly - \$200.00 per net  
Resident Skimmer Net - \$25.00 per net  
Non-resident Skimmer Net - \$100.00 per net  
Alien Skimmer Net - \$200.00 per net  
Resident Shrimp Gear Fee (Annual) - \$10.00  
Non-resident Shrimp Gear Fee (Annual) - \$40.00

No fee is required for use of a test trawl when used with another trawl for which the gear fee has been paid, maximum test trawl length is 16' cork line - 20' lead line.

#### Recreational License

Shrimp trawls 16' or less may be licensed recreationally; shrimp trawls in excess of 16' must be licensed commercially. The maximum limit for recreational shrimpers is 100 pounds, heads on, per boat, per day.

Gear types and fees are as follows:

Shrimp Trawls (resident) - \$25.00 per trawl not exceeding 16' in length.

Shrimp Trawls (non-resident) - \$100.00 per trawl not exceeding 16' in length.

You must possess a basic sports fishing license to use a recreational gear license unless exempt by age. Recreational fishermen with a basic sports fishing license may use a cast net up to 8½' in radius and take up to 50 pounds of shrimp per day per boat for bait purposes only.

#### Commercial Season

In state inside waters, the Commission shall fix no less than two open seasons each year based upon biological and technical data. No open season shall begin on a Sunday. In state outside waters, season will be set by the Commission based upon biological and technical data.

#### Recreational Season

Same as commercial season.

#### Commercial Gear Limitations

By definition, a trawl means any net (generally funnel-shaped) pulled through the water or along the bottom with otter boards to spread the

mouth open while being fished. The term "trawl" also means and includes plumb staff beam trawls that do not exceed 16' that do not use otter boards but are held open laterally by a horizontal beam and vertically by two vertical beams (plumb staffs), and that are used while the vessel is underway. No vessel may pull more than the following trawl rigging in inside waters:

One trawl which shall not exceed 50' in length along the cork line and 66' along the lead line and in addition, one test trawl.

Two trawls each of which shall not exceed 25' along the cork line, 33' feet along the lead line, and have trawl doors no larger than 6' in length and 34" in height and in addition, one test trawl.

Two trawls which shall not exceed 25' along the cork line, 33' along the lead line and have no more than two outer trawl doors no larger than 8' in length and 40" in height and no more than two inner sled doors, and in addition, one test trawl. It shall be legal for a vessel in Breton and Chandeleur sounds to pull no more than one or two trawls, either or both of which cannot exceed 65' along the cork line and 82' along the lead line in length, plus one test trawl. Saltwater shrimp may be taken by means of trawls, butterfly nets, skimmer nets, or cast nets and by no other means except as provided in R.S. 56:499. No person shall take saltwater shrimp with any trawl, skimmer net or butterfly net with a mesh size less than ¾" square or 1¼" stretched. No trawl, skimmer net, or butterfly net may be used in closed waters. No person shall use a double butterfly net having an individual net frame more than 12' measured horizontally or vertically, whichever distance is greater, each or a single stationary butterfly net having an individual net frame greater than 22' measured horizontally or vertically, whichever distance is greater, except that persons on a vessel may use a double butterfly net having individual net frames of not more than 16' measured horizontally or 12' measured vertically, each. No person on a vessel shall use a double skimmer net having an individual net frame more than 16' measured horizontally or 12' measured vertically, or with a lead line measuring more than 28' for each net. No person shall tie individual skimmer nets together to exceed the herein stated specifications. Operation of butterfly and skimmer nets shall in no way impede or restrict normal navigation. No person shall use sweeper devices, leads, extensions, wings, or other attachments in conjunction with or attached to butterfly nets. Skimmer nets and butterfly nets may be mounted no more than 24" from side of vessel. Trawls in excess of 130' cork line (165' lead line) cannot be used in Louisiana offshore territorial waters.

#### Recreational and Commercial Gear Limitations

Trawls must be 16' or less in length measured along the cork line. Trawls cannot have a mesh size less than ⅝" bar or 1¼" stretched. Mesh size during the fall inshore shrimp season shall be not less than ⅝" square by 1¼" stretched, except from the mouth of Atchafalaya River west to the western shore of Vermilion Bay shall be ¾" square by 1½" stretch.

#### Commercial Legal Size

You may not catch or possess aboard a vessel saltwater white shrimp that average more than 100 per pound, unless you have legal documentation that they were taken in another state or country. During the time period from October 15 through the third Monday in December, there shall be no count on saltwater white shrimp taken or possessed. There are no count restrictions on any shrimp during the spring open season. There are no count restrictions on sea bobs taken in state outside waters during any season. There are no count restrictions on bait shrimp.

### Recreational Legal Size

All rules and regulations of commercial shrimp apply.

### Commercial Pounds Allowed

No limit.

### Recreational Pounds Allowed

100 pounds per day per vessel with use of a shrimp trawl not exceeding 16'.

50 pounds per day per vessel with use of cast net not exceeding 8½' radius.

Some Louisiana Management Areas have special restrictions; refer to local enforcement for regulations.

## LIVE BAIT

### Licenses

Live bait dealers are controlled by Commission action. Persons allowed to take live shrimp for sale during closed season between the spring and fall seasons as bait must have a special Boat Dealers Permit and post \$1,000 bond with the LDWF.

Persons desiring to catch their own bait may catch shrimp with cast nets (up to 8½' in radius), bait traps, dip nets (up to 3' diameter and hand operated), or seines (less than 100' and foot operated). A basic sports fishing license is required to take bait with a cast net.

### Season

During the closed seasons, bait shrimp may be taken in state inside waters, but only with cast nets up to 8½' in radius, bait traps, dip nets (diameter of no more than 3' and hand operated) or seines less than 100' in length with no mechanical devices.

## SHELLFISH - CRABS

### Recreational Licenses

Resident Recreational Crab Trap - \$10.00 - Required for use of no more than ten traps

Non-resident Recreational Crab Trap - \$40.00 - Required for use of no more than ten traps

Resident Recreational Crab Trap - Attached to a trotline (up to ten traps) - \$1.00/trap

Non-resident Recreational Crab Trap - Attached to a trotline (up to ten traps) - \$4.00/trap

You must possess a basic sports fishing license to use a recreational gear license unless exempt for age. Recreational harvest of crabs using a dipnet and/or baited lines (without hooks or traps) does not require a license.

### Commercial Licenses

Resident Commercial Crab Trap - Attached to a trotline (up to 25 traps) - \$1.00/trap

Non-resident Commercial Crab Trap - Attached to a trotline (up to 25 traps) - \$4.00/trap

Alien Crab Trap - Attached to a trotline (up to 25 traps) - \$8.00/trap

Resident Commercial Crab Trap/Dropnet Gear License - \$25.00

Non-resident Commercial Crab Trap/Dropnet Gear License - \$100.00

Alien Commercial Crab Trap/Dropnet Gear License - \$200.00

Resident Commercial Fisherman License - \$55.00

Non-Resident Commercial Fisherman License - \$460.00

Alien Commercial Fisherman License - \$920.00

Resident Vessel License - \$15.00

Non-Resident Vessel License - \$60.00

Alien Vessel License - \$120.00

Resident Soft-Shell Crab Shedder License - \$100.00

Non-Resident Soft-Shell Crab Shedder License - \$400.00

Alien Soft-Shell Crab Shedder License - \$800.00

A license to shed soft-shell crabs may only be purchased by a licensed commercial fisherman or wholesale/retail dealer.

A commercial fisherman's license and vessel license are required for commercial fishing in saltwater in addition to any required gear license.

All crab traps are required to be tagged with a stainless steel tag displaying the commercial license number.

### Restrictions

Taking adult female crabs in the so-called berry stage (or with eggs attached) is strictly prohibited, and if caught must be returned to the waters alive.

Whole stone crabs may not be possessed. Only stone crab claws of 2½" propodus width may be possessed and sold.

### Commercial Legal Size

Hardshell blue crabs must be 5" in width, crabs less than 5" in width may be taken for the purpose of producing soft crabs only and must be held separately from those crabs of legal size and shall be identified as busters or peelers.

### Gear

All crab traps shall have a minimum of two escape rings. Rings must have a minimum inside diameter of 2 5/16". Rings must be placed on vertical outside walls flush with trap floor or baffle with at least one ring in each chamber. Escape rings may be blocked during the time periods March 1 to June 30 and September 1 through October 31.

### Recreational Legal Size

Recreational crabbers are limited to 144 crabs per vessel or vehicle.

## SHELLFISH - OYSTERS

### Licenses

Resident Recreational Oyster Tong (per tong) - \$5.00

Non-resident Recreational Oyster Tong (per tong) - \$20.00

Alien Oyster Tong (per tong) - \$40.00

Resident Commercial Oyster Tong (per tong) - \$30.00

Non-resident Commercial Oyster Tong (per tong) - \$240.00

Alien Commercial Oyster Tong (per tong) - \$480.00

Resident Commercial Oyster Dredge (per dredge) - \$25.00

Non-resident Commercial Oyster Dredge (per dredge) - \$200.00

Alien Commercial Oyster Dredge (per dredge) - \$400.00

Resident Commercial Oyster Harvester - \$100.00

Non-resident Commercial Oyster Harvester - \$400.00

Alien Commercial Oyster Harvester - \$800.00

Resident Commercial Fisherman - \$55.00

Non-resident Commercial Fisherman - \$400.00

Alien Commercial Fisherman - \$800.00

Resident Vessel License - \$15.00

Non-resident Vessel License - \$60.00

Alien Vessel License - \$120.00

Out-of-State Oyster Landing Permit - \$100.00

You must possess a basic sport fishing license to use a recreational gear license, unless exempt for age.

The licensed commercial fisherman harvesting or possessing oysters in state waters must purchase an oyster harvester license, in addition to any and all licenses otherwise required.

## Seasons

The Louisiana Wildlife and Fisheries Commission designates when natural reefs are open for fishing; generally, natural reefs may be fished from the first Wednesday after Labor Day through April 1 of the next year. Some consideration for an extension can be made to May 15 depending on supply. The owner of an oyster lease, or his designee, with written permission, may fish oysters at any time of year on their lease. Areas opened by the Commission may, however, be closed by the Department of Health and Hospitals for health reasons. It is illegal to take oysters at night.

## Size/Possession Limits

All oysters taken from natural reefs must be 3" or greater in length from hinge to mouth. A lessee of private oyster grounds may be permitted to take undersized oysters for bedding purposes only (under special regulations).

Not more than ten 1½-bushel sacks per boat per day may be taken from Calcasieu and Sabine lakes (in the event of a closure of the open season for more than seven days, 15 1½-bushel sacks per boat per day may be taken for three consecutive calendar days following reopening). Unlimited elsewhere for commercial purposes. Recreational fishermen may take two sacks per person if oysters are taken for personal consumption.

Oysters may be taken from public oyster beds by dredges, scrapers, and tongs. Dredges and scrapers used shall be no larger than 6' in width measured along the tooth bar. The dredge teeth shall be no longer than 5" in length and there shall be no more than seven dredges in use on any one vessel.

Any person who qualifies and who desires to lease a part of the bottom of any state waters shall present to the Secretary of the LDWF a written application and cash deposit of such amount as determined by the department. Lessees, under the supervision of the department, shall stake off and mark the leased water bottoms in order to locate accurately and fix the limits of the water bottoms embraced by each lease. Areas shall also be prominently marked with signs which state the lease number and name or initials of the lessee.

## Restrictions

No person shall trawl or seine over any privately leased bedding grounds or oyster propagating place which is staked off, marked, or posted as required by law or regulation.

Culling oysters, which is the act of discarding undersized oysters or dead shell, shall be performed only on the open designated public grounds or on private leases on which the fisherman is authorized to take oysters. At no time will the act of culling oysters be permitted in areas closed to harvesting oysters.

Oysters may only be landed out of state by lease holders from privately leased areas with a permit to do so.

## SHARK

### Seasonal Closures

All Louisiana state waters out to the seaward boundary of the Louisiana Territorial Sea shall be closed to the recreational and commercial harvest of all sharks between April 1 and June 30 of each year.

### Atlantic Sharpnose

The aggregate daily take and possession limit for caught recreationally within or without Louisiana waters shall be two fish per person per day and in possession.

### Other Sharks

The aggregate daily take and possession limit for all "Small Coastal," "Large Coastal," and "Pelagic" sharks combined, caught recreationally within or without Louisiana waters, shall be two fish per vessel per trip and in possession.

Small Coastal Sharks - Atlantic angel shark, bonnethead shark, Atlantic sharpnose shark, blacknose shark, Caribbean sharpnose shark, finetooth shark, smalltail shark.

Large Coastal Sharks - great hammerhead, scalloped hammerhead, smooth hammerhead, nurse shark, bignose shark, blacktip shark, bull shark, Caribbean reef shark, dusky shark, Galapagos shark, lemon shark, bonnethead shark, night shark, sandbar shark, silky shark, spinner shark, tiger shark.

Pelagic Sharks - bigeye sixgill shark, sevengill shark, sixgill shark, longfin mako, porbeagle shark, shortfin mako, blue shark, oceanic whitetip shark, bigeye thresher shark, thresher shark.

### Prohibited Species

No person shall take, possess, purchase, sell, barter, exchange or attempt to possess, purchase, sell, barter, or exchange any of the following species or parts thereof: basking shark, white shark, bigeye sand tiger, sand tiger, whale shark, smalltooth sawfish, largetooth sawfish.

Sharks taken under recreational bag limit shall not be sold, purchased, exchanged, bartered, or attempted to be sold, purchased, exchanged, or bartered. A person subject to a bag limit shall not possess at any time, regardless of the number of trips or the duration of a trip, any shark in excess of the bag limits mentioned above.

The practice of "finning," that is, removing only the fins and returning the remainder of the shark to the sea is prohibited within and without Louisiana waters.

Notwithstanding other provisions of this part, a person may fish for, but not retain, white shark (*Carcharodon carcharias*) with rod and reel only under a catch and release program, provided the person releases and returns such fish to the sea immediately with a minimum of injury.

## FINFISH

Recreational Size and Possession Limits for Louisiana are as follows:

Species	Daily bag	Possession	Minimum length in inches	Maximum length in inches
Southern flounder	10	10		
Shark				
Atlantic sharpnose	2	2		
Other sharks	2	2		
Speckled trout	25	50 off water only	12	
Red drum	5	10 off water only	16	1 over 27
Cobia	2	2	37	
Black drum	5	5	16	1 over 27
Red snapper**	4	4	15	
King mackerel*	2	2	14	
Spanish mackerel	10	10	14	
Queen, mutton <sup>1</sup> , schoolmaster, blackfin, cubera, gray <sup>1</sup> , dog, mahogany, silk, yellowtail snappers <sup>1</sup> and wenchman**	10 (in aggregate)	10*	12	
All grouper**				
Red, gag, black, yellowfin and nassau grouper	5 (in aggregate)	5*	20	
Lane snapper	No limit	No limit	8	
Vermillion snapper			10	
Jewfish	Harvest prohibited			
Greater amberjack**	1	1	28 FL	
Black seabass	5 (in aggregate)	No limit	8	
Mullet	100 pounds per person year round			

\*Charter vessels and head boats are allowed two daily bag limits on multi-day trips under two conditions: 1) the vessel has two licensed operators as required by the U.S. Coast Guard for trips of over 12 hours and 2) each passenger has in possession a receipt issued on behalf of the vessel that verifies the length of the trip.

\*\*Charter vessels and headboats permitted by the NMFS under the Federal Fishery Management Plan for Reef Fishes are allowed two daily bag limits under conditions described above.

Commercial Size and Possession Limits for Louisiana are as follows:

Species	Daily bag	Possession	Minimum length in inches	Maximum length in inches <sup>1</sup>
Shark				
Atlantic sharpnose	2	2		
Other sharks	2	2		
Pompano				
Speckled trout <sup>1*</sup>			14	
Sheepshead			10	
Black drum <sup>**</sup>			16	
Spanish mackerel			14	
King mackerel			14	
Red snapper			15	
Gray, mutton, yellowtail snapper			12	
Lane snapper			8	
Vermillion snapper			10	
Red, gag, black, yellowfin and nassau grouper			20	
Jewfish	Harvest prohibited			
Cobia	2	2	37	
Greater amberjack			36 FL	
Flounder - shrimp vessel		***		
Flounder - other legal means		10 per licensed fisherman per day		
Mullet <sup>1</sup>				
Bowfin			22	

\*Annual harvest quota of 1 million pounds.

\*\*Fishermen required to possess a special "Black Drum" permit in order to harvest fish greater than 27" TL.

\*\*\*May retain and sell all southern flounder catch as bycatch or any shrimping vessel.

<sup>1</sup>Requires special permit.

Fishermen fishing or selling shark must obtain a permit.

Fishermen must possess a commercial Gulf of Mexico Reef Fish Permit to commercially harvest/sell reef fish.

Sailfish, blue marlin, black marlin, striped marlin, hatchet marlin, white marlin, and red drum are game fish in Louisiana and may not be offered for sale.

All saltwater finfish except tuna, garfish, swordfish, and sharks possessed by recreational fishermen shall have the head and caudal fin intact until set or put on shore. Bowfin eggs (roe) that are not naturally connected to a whole fish cannot be possessed by fishermen while on the water. All tuna, garfish, swordfish, and sharks possessed by a recreational fisherman shall not be skinned or scaled until set or put on shore from a vessel.

**Recreational Licenses**

Residents and non-residents under 16 years of age and residents 60 years

of age and older, who have resided within the state for two years prior to application, shall not be required to obtain licenses, permits, or pay fees to fish recreationally. Proof of age must be carried on person.

A recreational gear license is required of all persons using recreational gear (no exemptions except for certain military personnel as stated below.)

Persons in the armed forces of the U.S. and their resident dependents shall, for license purposes, be allowed to purchase and use resident licenses.

Any citizen of the state of Louisiana on active duty in the armed forces of the U.S. and who is assigned to an active duty post located outside the state of Louisiana shall not be required to obtain a license (including recreational gear license) or pay a fee to fish while visiting the state, provided that he has in his possession proper written evidence that his

absence from his active duty assignment is authorized.

Veterans having a permanent service connected disability classification of 50% or more and who are Louisiana residents or resident persons who are blind, paraplegic, or multiple amputees shall, upon identification and proof of disability satisfactory to the department, be issued sports licenses without the payment of any fees thereof. Any resident who is a single amputee shall, upon identification and proof of disability satisfactory to the department, be issued a basic and saltwater fishing license without the payment of any fees thereof.

All other resident recreational fishermen shall purchase an annual Basic Fishing License for \$5.50. Licenses are available on June 1 and expire on June 30 of the following year. All other non-residents must purchase a Basic Fishing License for \$31.00 for the period from June 1 through June 30 or a basic 3-day (\$10.00) license.

**Additional Licenses**

- Resident Hook and Line License - \$2.50
- Resident Saltwater License - \$5.50
- Non-resident Saltwater License - \$36.00
- Non-resident Saltwater Trip - 3 Day - \$15.00
- Non-resident Basic Fish Trip - 3 Day - \$10.00

**Recreational gear licenses required in addition to the basic fishing license:**

- Resident Slat Traps (up to 5) - \$20.00
- Non-resident Slat Traps (up to 5) - \$80.00

**Lifetime Licenses:**

- Resident Basic and Saltwater - \$300.00
- Resident Basic and Saltwater (under 14 years of age) - \$200.00
- Resident Combination Fishing and Hunting - \$500.00
- Resident Combination Fishing and Hunting (under 14 years of age) - \$300.00
- Non-resident Combination Hunting and Fishing - \$3,000.00

**OTHER COMMERCIAL FISHING**

**Wildlife Management Areas**

Commercial operations are not allowed on Wildlife Management Areas unless specified. Check with local enforcement for specific areas.

**Commercial Fishermen**

A commercial fisherman with a fresh products license may sell their own catch to a consumer in state but is required to keep trip ticket records and

comply with record submissions.

Commercial fishermen who sell their catch to anyone other than a Louisiana licensed Wholesale/Retail Seafood Dealer are required to purchase and possess a wholesale/retail seafood dealers license and are required to comply with all regulations governing wholesale/retail seafood dealers.

**Licenses**

A commercial fisherman taking fish, including bait species, from state waters or possessing fish in the state must purchase a commercial fisherman's license. It is unlawful for the owner of a licensed, commercial fishing vessel to permit any person not holding a valid, original commercial fisherman's license to operate such licensed vessel while the vessel is engaged in commercial fishing or while in possession of fish for sale in the waters of the state. Violation subjects the vessel owner to revocation of license and seizure of the vessel and all fish and equipment aboard. Helpers or persons assisting, or engaged in, operations while aboard commercial fishing vessels need not have a commercial fisherman's license in his name as long as the captain or owner of the vessel while aboard the vessel has in his name a valid and original commercial fisherman's license. A commercial fisherman may only sell to a Louisiana wholesale/retail dealer. Only one commercial fisherman's license is required for each menhaden seine being used to take menhaden or other herring-like fish.

A commercial fisherman must possess a valid and original commercial gear license whenever using or possessing such gear on the fishing grounds. In the event more than one gear type is in possession on the fishing grounds, a gear license for each gear type must be in possession. A gear license is required for each piece of gear or each type of gear in use or in possession, whichever is applicable. It is unlawful for a commercial gear licensee to permit a person not holding a valid, original commercial fisherman's license to use gear under privilege of the commercial gear license. Violation subjects the commercial gear licensee to revocation of the commercial gear license and seizure of gear.

A vessel must be licensed whenever engaged in commercial fishing or whenever possessing fish for sale in the saltwater areas of the state. Vessel licenses are issued in the name of the owner (person having legal ownership of the vessel; includes association, corporation, partnership, or other legal entity) of the vessel and shall list the owner's name and address, the vessel name and registration or documentation number, and any other information required by the department.

Other Commercial Licenses	Resident	Non-resident	Alien
Commercial Fisherman	\$ 55.00	\$ 460.00	\$ 920.00
Hoop Net	25.00	100.00	200.00
Freshwater Gill Net	25.00	100.00	200.00
Trammel Net	25.00	100.00	200.00
Fish Seine	25.00	100.00	200.00
Slat Trap	25.00	100.00	200.00
Purse/Menhaden	505.00	2,020.00	4,040.00
Saltwater Gill Net	250.00	1,000.00	2,000.00
Vessel	15.00	60.00	120.00
Minnow Trap	25.00	100.00	200.00

Cans, Buckets, Pipes, Drums, Tires	25.00	100.00	200.00
Spear Gun	25.00	100.00	200.00
Garfish Gig	25.00	100.00	200.00
Bow & Arrow	25.00	100.00	200.00
Wire Net	25.00	100.00	200.00
Mullet Permit	100.00	400.00	N/A
Spotted seatrout Permit	100.00	400.00	N/A
Set Line (Trot, Bush, Long, etc.)	25.00	100.00	200.00
Dip/Cast Net	25.00	100.00	200.00
Flounder Gig	25.00	100.00	200.00
F-1 Pots	25.00	100.00	200.00
Reptile & Amphibian Collector	25.00	200.00	N/A
Reptile & Amphibian Collector (under 16 years of age)	10.00	N/A	N/A
Crawfish Traps	25.00	100.00	200.00

**Restrictions**

It is illegal to possess any gill net-trammel net seine on the saltwater areas of the state except during mullet fishing season, special pompano strike nets, or traversing to the EEZ.

There are special requirements in place for persons traversing to the EEZ with illegal gear.

Requirements exist to enter the commercial net fisheries for mullet. There are gear restrictions, special permits, seasons, times, and methods of taking commercial mullet. For information about the commercial finfish fishery, contact the Louisiana Department of Wildlife and Fisheries Enforcement Division.

No commercial gear license for gill nets and purse seines shall be issued to any non-resident whose domiciliary state prohibits the use of those nets in commercial fishing. It is illegal to use or employ any aircraft including fixed wing aircraft, dirigibles, balloons, helicopters, or any other form of aerial surveillance in the airspace of this state to assist in the taking of finfish except in the fisheries of menhaden and herring-like fish.

Mesh size of hoop or wire nets must be at least 1" square or 2" stretched after treating with tar or copper. The use of monofilament for any type net is prohibited in saltwater areas of the state. The use of purse seines is prohibited in inside waters. The use of purse seines is prohibited except for taking of menhaden and herring-like species. It is illegal to enter state waters with purse seine and speckled trout or red drum on same vessel.

**SEAFOOD BUSINESS LICENSES**

- Resident Reptile & Amphibian Wholesale/Retail Dealer - \$105.00
- Resident Reptile & Amphibian Transport License - \$30.00
- Non-resident Reptile & Amphibian Transport License - \$120.00
- Non-resident Reptile & Amphibian Wholesale/Retail Dealer - \$405.00
- Resident Wholesale/Retail Seafood Dealer Vehicle or Business- \$250.00
- Non-resident Wholesale/Retail Seafood Dealer Vehicle or Business - \$1,105.00
- Alien Wholesale/Retail Seafood Dealer Vehicle or Business - \$2,210.00
- Resident Seafood Retail Dealer - \$105.00
- Non-resident Seafood Retail Dealer - \$405.00

- Alien Seafood Retail Dealer - \$810.00
- Transport License - \$30.00
- Alien Transport License - \$60.00
- Resident Charter Boat Fishing Guide (up to 6 passengers) - \$250.00
- Non-resident Charter Boat Fishing Guide (up to 6 passengers) - \$1,000.00
- Resident Charter Boat Fishing Guide (over 6 passengers) - \$500.00
- Non-resident Charter Boat Fishing Guide (over 6 passengers) - \$2,000.00

Note: The reptile and amphibian transport license can only be purchased by and in the name of a person holding a valid Louisiana reptile and amphibian collector's license or a reptile and amphibian wholesale/retail dealer's license. Transport licenses can only be purchased by and in the name of a person holding a valid Louisiana commercial fisherman's license, wholesale/retail dealer's seafood license, or retail seafood license. Persons operating under a transport license are prohibited from buying and selling, by any means whatsoever, any species of fish, except when a person transporting fish under the privilege of a Louisiana transport license purchased in connection with a Louisiana wholesale/retail dealer's license buys fish for or on behalf of the wholesale/retail dealer to whom such transport license was issued and only transports such fish to that wholesale/retail dealer. Transport licenses are freely transferable between vehicles.

**WHOLESALE/RETAIL SEAFOOD DEALERS AND RETAIL SEAFOOD DEALER LICENSES**

"Fish" (in quotation marks) in this section means all finfish, shellfish, and crustaceans.

**License Requirements**

**Wholesale/Retail Seafood Dealers** are any individual person, firm, association, corporation, partnership or any legal entity recognized by law that buys, handles by any means whatsoever any species of "fish"/seafood whether fresh, frozen, processed, or unprocessed in Louisiana for sale or resale, including bait species, whether on a commission basis or otherwise. Wholesale/retail seafood dealers include but are not limited to any person who makes sales of seafood on a wholesale basis, including any dock, distributor, broker, fish factory, platform, processing plant or anyone shipping fish out of or into the state for resale.

A Wholesale/retail seafood dealer is the only licensee who can legally

purchase "fish" from a commercial fisherman and resell such fish. Wholesale/retail seafood dealers are not required to obtain a soft shell crab shadders license or a reptile and amphibian dealers license. They are required, however, to abide by regulations of those particular activities. If a wholesale/retail dealers license is in the name of an individual, the license is only valid for that individual.

**Retail Seafood Dealers** are any individual person, firm association, corporation, partnership or any legal entity recognized by law that only buys, acquires or handles by any means whatsoever any species of "fish"/seafood whether fresh, frozen, processed, or unprocessed in Louisiana for sale. Retail seafood dealers may only purchase fish from a licensed wholesale/retail seafood dealer. Retail seafood dealers may only sell "fish"/seafood directly to the consumer for personal or household use. Retail seafood dealers are not authorized to make wholesale transactions (sales intended to be resold). Restaurants or grocers that sell raw "fish" such as oysters or sushi are required to obtain a retail seafood dealers license if purchasing such fish from a licensed wholesale/retail seafood dealer. If a retail seafood dealers license is in the name of an individual, the license is only valid for that individual. Retail seafood dealers are not authorized to purchase fish from a commercial fisherman.

**Restaurants and Retail Grocers** who only purchase "fish"/seafood whether fresh, frozen, processed, or unprocessed from a licensed Louisiana wholesale/retail seafood dealer and only sell such "fish" fully prepared by cooking for immediate consumption by the consumer are exempt from these license requirements.

Restaurants and retail grocers who pick up "fish"/seafood directly from wholesale/retail seafood dealers themselves and transport such "fish"/seafood are required to purchase a retail seafood dealers license and applicable transport license(s). Persons exempt from license requirements are required to maintain records as provided below.

#### Purchases/Sales

**Wholesale/Retail Seafood Dealers** shall only purchase from a validly licensed commercial fisherman or another licensed wholesale/retail seafood dealer. When purchasing species of "fish"/seafood from commercial fisherman for which a permit is required, they may only purchase "fish"/seafood from those commercial fisherman who possess the required permit. Permits include but are not limited to: mullet, reef fish, shark, spotted seatrout, tuna, etc. (permits include both state and federal). When purchasing "fish"/seafood from out-of-state sellers and bringing the "fish"/seafood into Louisiana, "fish"/seafood shall only be purchased from those persons legally licensed to sell "fish"/seafood in that state. When out-of-state sellers bring "fish"/seafood into Louisiana they must be legally licensed in Louisiana. Persons out-of-state purchasing "fish"/seafood in Louisiana for resale regardless of the type of transportation used must possess a Louisiana wholesale/retail seafood dealers license. Out-of-state buyers purchasing "fish"/seafood for resale from a Louisiana licensed wholesale/retail seafood dealer are not required to be licensed when receiving the shipment by that licensed wholesale/retail seafood dealer.

**Retail Seafood Dealers** shall only purchase "fish"/seafood from a licensed Louisiana wholesale/retail seafood dealer. When purchasing "fish"/seafood from out-of-state sellers and bringing the fish into Louisiana, "fish"/seafood shall only be purchased from those persons legally licensed to sell fish in that state. When out-of-state sellers bring fish into Louisiana they must be legally licensed in Louisiana. Retail seafood dealers may only sell "fish"/seafood directly to consumers.

**Non-Licensed Restaurants and Retail Grocers** shall only purchase "fish"/seafood from licensed Louisiana wholesale/retail seafood dealers (see exemptions). If a restaurant or retail grocer purchases "fish"/seafood from out of state they shall possess a wholesale/retail seafood dealer's license or a retail seafood dealer's license. Restaurants or retail grocers who pick up "fish"/seafood directly from wholesale/retail seafood dealers

themselves and transport such "fish"/seafood are required to purchase a retail seafood dealers license and applicable transport license.

#### Records

Wholesale/retail seafood dealers, retail seafood dealers, restaurants and retail grocers shall keep and maintain in the English language:

1. Records of the quantity and species of "fish"/seafood (fresh, frozen, processed, or unprocessed) acquired; records of fish/seafood acquired from commercial fishermen are required to be documented on department-issued trip tickets.
2. The date the "fish"/seafood was acquired and the full name and license number of the commercial fisherman, wholesale/retail dealer, or the out-of-state sellers from whom the "fish"/seafood was acquired;
3. Records of the quantity and species of "fish"/seafood sold and the name and license number of the person to whom the "fish"/seafood was sold.

When sold to the consumer, the records shall indicate the quantity, species, and date shall state the "fish"/seafood was sold to the consumer. Records shall be maintained for three years and shall be available and open to inspection by the Department of Wildlife and Fisheries. Purchases made from fishermen for which a permit is required shall document the commercial fisherman's permit number on the records. When creel limits apply to commercial species, records shall also indicate the number or head count of such species.

#### Reporting

**Monthly Returns to the Department.** Any wholesale/retail seafood dealer buying "fish" or seafood from anyone other than a licensed wholesale/retail seafood dealer shall complete trip tickets documenting each transaction. On or before the tenth of each month, the dealer shall submit all the previous month's trip tickets and a submission sheet. For more information on monthly dealer reports call 225-765-2973.

**Severance Tax (oyster).** Wholesale/retail seafood dealers purchasing oysters from persons harvesting oysters in Louisiana are responsible for and shall pay an oyster severance tax on or before the tenth day of the months.

**Severance Tax (shrimp).** Wholesale/retail seafood dealers purchasing shrimp from persons harvesting shrimp or landing shrimp in Louisiana are responsible for payment of a shrimp severance tax on or before the tenth day of the month.

(For more information on oyster or shrimp severance taxes call 225-765-2891).

#### Shipping Requirements

All vehicles used for the commercial transportation of "fish"/seafood must be marked with the name and address of the company. Shipments containing fish shall be plainly marked; records, tags, or certificates to show the names of the consignor and the consignee, with an itemized statement of the number of pounds of fish or seafood and the names of each kind of species contained therein, must accompany all shipments of "fish"/seafood. All operators and drivers of any form of commercial transport who are in the act of loading, unloading, or transporting "fish"/seafood shall have in their possession one of the following licenses:

- a. Commercial Fisherman's License - only valid for a commercial fisherman transporting his own catch to a wholesale/retail seafood dealer.
- b. Transport License - if purchased in connection with a wholesale/retail seafood dealer license authorizes to deliver "fish"/seafood to another wholesale dealer.  
- if purchased in connection with a retail seafood dealers license only valid to pick up "fish"/seafood from a licensed wholesale/retail

seafood dealer and transport product to the place of business of the retail seafood dealer.

- if purchased in connection with a commercial fisherman's license, only valid to transport that commercial fisherman's catch to a wholesale/retail seafood dealer to be sold for that commercial fisherman.

- Dealers are responsible for all activities which take place under the authority of a transport license issued in the name of that dealer.

- c. Wholesale/Retail Seafood Dealers License - good for all activities of wholesale/retail seafood dealers. Vehicles commercially shipping seafood out of state must have a wholesale/retail seafood dealers license or a transport license purchased in connection with

a wholesale/retail seafood dealers license.

**Exemptions**

Persons who produce and harvest catfish or crawfish in private ponds shall not be required to possess any license in order to sell their crawfish or catfish. Any person may purchase crawfish or catfish from persons who harvest crawfish or catfish in private ponds. A seafood wholesale/retail dealer's license is required to resell.

Persons who harvest crawfish or catfish in private ponds shall not be required to possess any license to transport their own crawfish or catfish from the private pond to the first point of sale.

## MISSISSIPPI

The following is an unofficial compilation of marine laws and regulations for Mississippi. It was compiled by enforcement personnel of the Gulf States specifically for their information and convenience. The information is current as of September 30, 1999, but changes may occur at any time. For definitive enforcement regulations contact Mississippi Department of Wildlife Fisheries and Parks, Marine Law Enforcement, 278 Bayview Avenue, Biloxi, Mississippi 39530 (228/432-7708).

### SHRIMP

#### Commercial License

Shrimp Boat under 30' - \$60.00  
Shrimp Boat 30'-45' - \$85.00  
Shrimp Boat over 45' - \$110.00  
Captain's License - \$10.00

A resident of another state will be charged the same fee for a license as a Mississippi resident would be charged for a license in that state.

#### Recreational License

Resident - \$15.00

#### Commercial Season

Trawling is prohibited north of the Intracoastal Waterway (tugboat channel) after sunset of December 31, except by licensed live bait dealers. Shrimp season is officially opened by public notice at such a time that the Mississippi Department of Marine Resources (MDMR) has determined that the shrimp have reached legal size (statistically probable in the second week of June).

Additionally, the area south of the Intracoastal Waterway will be closed after April 30 of each year and prior to the opening of the season for shrimp.

#### Recreational Season

All rules and regulations of commercial shrimp apply.

#### Commercial Gear Limitations

It shall be unlawful to use a bib, tongue, or any like device (except Siamese trawls), between January 1 and the third Monday in August.

Shrimp may be taken in any manner south of a line formed by the barrier islands of Cat, Ship, Horn, and Petit Bois. North of this line (within Mississippi Sound), shrimp may only be taken with a single net measuring no larger than 50' along the headrope and 60' along the footrope or not more than two nets, each measuring no more than 25' on the headrope and 32' on the footrope. A test (or try) trawl no larger than 12' along the headrope and 15' along the footrope used with boards not more than 30' in length is permitted.

In addition, the wings of push-nets (chopsticks) may not be attached to the rigid supports or poles for a distance greater than 24' on each side.

No saltboxes may be used for either recreational or commercial shrimpers. "Saltbox" shall mean any container or similar device in which the salinity is greater than one hundred (100) parts per thousand and is used to aid in separating the shrimp from the bycatch.

#### Recreational Gear Limitations

Holders of a recreational shrimping license are limited to the use of a single net measuring no larger than 16' on the cork line. Persons catching shrimp with cast or brail nets shall not remove the heads of the shrimp on site. Cast or brail nets cannot exceed 12' maximum radius or length.

#### Commercial Legal Size

Shrimp smaller than 68-count are not to be taken.

#### Recreational Legal Size

All rules and regulations of commercial shrimp apply.

#### Commercial Pounds Allowed

No limit.

#### Recreational Pounds Allowed

No limit. Limit of 50 pounds (with heads on) per person, per day when caught by cast or brail nets.

### LIVE BAIT

#### Licenses

Live Bait Dealer - \$50.00  
Live Bait Boat - \$100.00  
Captain's License - \$10.00 (required for a live bait license holder)

Written application for live bait licenses must be made to the Mississippi Commission on Marine Resources between January 1 and April 30 preceding the license year.

#### Season

Live bait trawling is permitted only during the hours between 30 minutes before sunrise and ending at sunset; areas are not opened to live bait shrimp until shrimp average at least 100 count.

#### Gear

Trawls cannot be larger than 16' on the headrope and 22' on the footrope, except areas west of Bayou Caddy where trawls may be 25' on the headrope and 32' on the footrope.

#### Legal Size

Shrimp of 100-count to the pound are the minimum legal size for licensed live bait dealers.

#### Pounds Allowed

No more than 30 pounds of dead shrimp allowed onboard at any time.

#### Restrictions

Live bait dealers must mark their boats with the words "LIVE BAIT" in letters no smaller than 6" high on both the port and starboard sides of the boat. The name of the bait camp must be similarly displayed on the boat and transport vehicle. Fish caught coincidental to a live bait operation may be retained and sold for chum; however, if crabs are to be kept, the dealer is also required to hold a valid Mississippi crab license. Fish retained must be of legal size. Live bait camps must meet the following special requirements: each camp must have adequate holding and aerating systems which must be cleaned of dead shrimp at least every 12 hours; no bulk sales of dead shrimp are permitted; dead shrimp may be sold only with heads on and in 16 oz containers. No more than five 16 oz containers may be sold to an individual in one day. Someone must be readily available to serve customers during appropriate hours, and each live bait-dealer application must include these hours which must be at least eight per 24 hour period.

### SHELLFISH - OYSTERS AND CLAMS

#### License Requirements

Tonging - \$50.00  
Dredging - \$100.00  
Recreational (Residents Only) - \$10.00

**Season**

Season is regulated by legal notice from the Commission on Marine Resources, and notice thereof will be duly published in local newspapers and released to both the radio and television media. During open season, oysters may be taken only during daylight hours.

**Gear**

Oysters may be taken by any of the traditional methods of oystering in the state of Mississippi, that is, by hands (cooning), with tongs, or by using a dredge. Dredges for oystering may not exceed 140 pounds in weight nor may they have in excess of 16 teeth. Teeth on the dredge must be 5" or less. Restrictions on the maximum number of dredges carried will be established seasonally by the Commission on Marine Resources.

**Size Limits**

Oysters taken in state waters must be at least 3" long from hinge to bill. At times, however, the MDMR may adjust this limit upon public notice to that effect.

**Limits**

Recreational and commercial catch limits are set annually (set by state statute 97-15-29).

**Leases**

The Mississippi Commission on Marine Resources conducts a program of oyster leasing. Any resident of the state may lease state waterbottoms for the purpose of oyster culture. Oysters taken from private lease areas must be so designated by tags indicating the official leased number issued by the MDMR.

**Restrictions**

Both recreational and commercial harvesters must purchase a license from the MDMR. Oysters may be taken only from those waters approved for shellfish harvest by the MDMR. The harvesting, shucking, processing, and sale of oysters must also conform to all regulations specified by the MDMR. Following heavy rains, natural reefs and leased areas may be temporarily closed. Such closures are published in local newspapers and released to local television and radio media. Oysters taken from state waters must be tagged. These tags are issued by the

MDMR at officially designated check-in/check-out stations. These stations will be identified in the opening order for oyster season. Both commercial and recreational oystermen must check in at the designated check station before going to reefs and must check out at the same station. Station hours are from 7:00 a.m. until 4:00 p.m. during harvest. Tags are issued at the time of inspection. Each tag must be completed with the catcher's name, date caught, area caught, and the shell-stock dealer's name and identification number if the oysters are to be sold. Oysters taken from other than state waters must be accompanied by a bill of lading indicating the point of origin. Oysters taken for personal consumption must also be inspected, and a tag will be issued for each sack. Such tags will identify that the contents are not to be sold.

**SHELLFISH - CRABS**

**Licenses**

Commercial Crabbing - \$75.00

**Restrictions**

Crabs may also be taken by trawl; however, the trawl must not exceed the maximum allowable dimensions specified for shrimp and must comply with all other regulations governing the use of a trawl. All crabs incidentally caught in trawls must be immediately returned to the water unless the boat operator holds a valid state crab fishing license. Crab pots or traps must be visibly marked with the license number (MI #) of the owner or a registered color code on the buoy. A crap trap float line must be of material easily cut with a knife. It shall be unlawful to have any sponge crabs (egg-bearing crabs, except for those taken legally in another state) at any time. All sponge crabs shall immediately be returned to the water alive during this period. It is illegal to remove crabs from traps for which one is not specifically licensed. A valid crabbing license must be obtained when using in excess of six crab traps or whenever crabs caught are to be offered for sale.

**Legal Size**

All crabs (except for peeler crabs and soft-shell crabs) must be larger than 5" measured from the tip of one lateral spine across the back of the shell to the tip of the opposite lateral spine.

**FINFISH**

Commercial Size and Possession Limits for Mississippi are as follows:

Species	Daily Bag	Possession	Minimum length in inches	Maximum length in inches
Red drum	Quota*	Quota*	18 TL	1 over 30 TL
Spotted seatrout	Quota**	Quota**	14 TL	
Mullet	No Limit	No Limit	10 TL	
Cobia***	2	2	37 TL	
Spanish mackerel	No Limit	No Limit	14 FL	
Red snapper	Quota	Quota	15 TL	

\*There is a 35,000 lb annual commercial quota.

\*\*There is a 40,000 lb limit.

\*\*\*No commercial sale of cobia is allowed.

established in Mississippi for red drum or red drum taken from the waters of the state of Mississippi during a closed commercial season for red drum.

It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to sell, offer for sale, barter, trade or purchase any red drum smaller than the minimum legal length

Saltwater fishermen cannot use multiple-point hooks (*i.e.*, treble hooks) when fishing with live, dead, or cut bait.

Recreational Size and Possession Limits for Mississippi are as follows:

Species	Daily bag	Possession	Minimum length in inches	Maximum length in inches
Red drum*	3	3	18 TL	1 over 30 TL
Spotted seatrout	15	15	14 TL	No Limit
Cobia **	2	2	37 TL	No Limit
King mackerel	2	2	20 FL	No Limit
Red snapper	4	4	15 TL	

\*The sale, offering for sale, purchase, barter or trade of red drum caught by saltwater sports fishermen is prohibited.

\*\*The sale of cobia is prohibited.

Saltwater sportsfishermen not fishing in the waters of the state of Mississippi may transport and land spotted seatrout and red drum with size and creel limits less than those above, provided such fish were legally taken in the waters under the jurisdiction of a state adjoining Mississippi and meet that state's minimum size and creel requirements. Said saltwater sportsfishermen must possess a valid saltwater sportsfishing license as may be required in the state where the fish were caught. In the absence of minimum size requirements in an adjoining jurisdiction, Mississippi law will prevail.

## SALTWATER NETS

### Licenses

Resident Recreational (Hook and Line) - \$4.00\*

Resident Gill & Trammel Net - \$100.00

Resident Charter, Party - \$200.00

Commercial Hook and Line - \$100.00 + \$100.00 for each person on board. Beginning July 1, 1999, the hook and line license fisherman is now required to purchase an additional license which cost an additional \$100.00. This license is a Commercial Fisherman's license. It is also required that each person on board the vessel actively engaged in fishing must also purchase a Commercial Fisherman's license.

Resident Menhaden Boat/Net - \$150.00

\*Valid for recreational hook and line fishing south of U.S. Interstate Highway 10. Saltwater sport fishermen are not permitted to sell, barter, trade, or offer for sale any saltwater fish caught or landed in Mississippi.

### Restrictions

Saltwater finfish may be taken from Mississippi waters by any of the following methods: hook and line, trotline, throwline, spear, gig, bow and arrow, cast net, and brail nets (less than 12' maximum radius; no freshwater species may be in possession while using cast or brail net), small-mesh beach seine (under 100' in length and with a maximum ¼" bar), Brill net, shrimp trawl, trammel net, gill net, wing net, beach and purse seines (all must be under 1,200' in total length and with a minimum 1½" square stretched mesh size and 1¼" square mesh October 15-December 15), fish traps (smaller than 1"x½" mesh size). Only single point hooks may be used while fishing with live, dead, or cut bait (artificial lures/baits excluded).

Nets, seines, or traps used for catching fish other than mullet are not permitted within 1,200' of any pier or harbor. Mullet fishing is defined as any net fishing activity in which 90% or more of the total catch by weight consists of mullet. Mullet fishing using fish traps, seines, or nets other than cast or brail nets is not permitted within 1,200' of any public or hotel/motel pier nor within 300' of any private pier, provided that such

piers are in usable condition and extend 75' or more from the shoreline. Nets must not exceed 1,200' in length. King mackerel fishing is defined as fishing activity in which the sole purpose is to catch king mackerel; and the catching in excess of 10% by weight of species other than king mackerel while net fishing for king mackerel is prohibited. All nets except purse seines and trawls used for mullet fishing must be of mesh sizes 1½" square (3" stretched) or larger. Between October 15 through December 15 of each year, gill and trammel nets must be of a mesh size of one and three-fourths inch (1¾") square, three and one-half inch (3½") stretch or larger, and it shall be unlawful for any boat to use more than one (1) such net. On and after January 1, 1997, all gill and trammel nets must be constructed of an approved degradable material. An approved degradable material list will be on file with the Executive Director of the MDMR or his designee.

Purse seines may not exceed 1,500' in length, except those used expressly to catch menhaden and must have a mesh size no smaller than ½" square (1" stretched). Nets or seines must be attended at all times from a distance no greater than the length of the boat in use. All nets, regardless of type, must be clearly marked with the owner's name or license number on floats or buoys placed at intervals of 100' or less. All fish traps or pots and eel traps or pots must be clearly marked with the owner's full name, permit, or license number. All fish traps or pots and eel traps or pots must be checked and emptied at least once every 48 hours.

Nets, seines, or fish traps are not permitted in any of the following areas: 1) within any river, bayou, creek, canal, stream, tributary, lake, bay, inlet, or other water source entering into salt waters except: Point aux Chenes Bay, Middle Bay, Jose Bay, L'Isle Chaud Bay, Heron Bay, South Rigolets, Biloxi Bay, south of a line between Marsh Point and Grand Bayou, parts of Pascagoula Bay; 2) within 1,200' of the shoreline of Deer Island; 3) within one mile of the shorelines of Cat or Round islands or from the shoals of Telegraph Keys or Telegraph Reef during the period from May 15 through September 15 of each year and within one mile of Horn, Ship, and Petit Bois islands year round; 4) within 1,500' from the shoreline between the U.S. Highway 90 bridge and the north shore of Bayou Caddy in Hancock County.

Nets, seines, or fish traps are not permitted within 100' of the mouth of any bay, bayou, creek, canal, stream, lake, inlet, channel, or tributary or within any areas that would block the mouth of any such water body. Boats are permitted to use only one approved net as specified.

When landing reports, as required by law, indicate that the 35,000 pound catch limit for red drum and the total allowable catch (TAC) for commercial spotted seatrout landings (beginning October 1 through September 30 each year) have been reached, the DMR will, with adequate notice, issue a news release and public notice closing state waters to the commercial net fishing for red drum and spotted seatrout for the remainder of that year. Purse seines may not be used to catch in excess of 5% by weight in any set of the net any of the following: spotted seatrout, bluefish, Spanish mackerel, king mackerel, dolphin, pompano,

cobia, or jack crevalle. It is illegal for any vessel carrying a purse seine to have onboard in excess of 10% by weight of the total catch, any of the aforementioned species. It is illegal for any vessel carrying a purse seine to have onboard any quantity of red drum. Commercial fishermen are not permitted to have in their possession any Atlantic bluefin tuna.

It shall be unlawful to use and/or set a gill net within ½ mile of the Mississippi shoreline. From 6:00 a.m. until 6:00 p.m., no gill and trammel nets shall be set or otherwise used for the taking of aquatic life within ½ nautical mile of the shoreline or any manmade structure attached to the shoreline from Bayou Caddy in Hancock County to Marsh Point in Ocean Springs, Jackson County.

From 6:00 p.m. until 6:00 a.m., no gill and trammel nets shall be set or otherwise used for the taking of aquatic life within ¼ nautical mile of the shoreline or any manmade structure attached to the shoreline from Bayou Caddy in Hancock County to Marsh Point in Ocean Springs, Jackson County.\*

It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to possess fish in, or in contact with, any gill or trammel net in a boat in the marine waters of Mississippi in the St. Louis Bay north of the CSX Railroad Bridge; in Biloxi Bay north of a line drawn between Marsh Point and Grand Bayou; in Pascagoula Bay north of the CSX Railroad Bridge.

It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to set or otherwise use a gill or trammel net in the marine waters of Mississippi or to possess fish in, or in contact with, a gill or trammel net in a boat in the marine waters of Mississippi between 6:00 a.m. on Saturday mornings and 6:00 p.m. on Sunday evenings.

It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to set or otherwise use a gill or trammel net in the marine waters of Mississippi or to possess fish in, or in contact with, a gill or trammel net in a boat in the marine waters of Mississippi between 6:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. on legal holidays established by the Mississippi legislature and as set forth in Mississippi Code Annotated §3-3-7.

No gill or trammel nets shall be set within ¼ nautical mile of another gill or trammel net.

Gill and trammel nets must be attended at all times from a distance of no greater than the length of the boat in use.

#### Gill Net Ordinance

Section 1. Definitions - *Mullet fishing* shall be defined as a fishing activity where the sole purpose is to catch mullet (*Mugil* sp.). It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation, while engaged in any mullet fishing activity or "set" to catch in excess of ten percent by weight of species other than mullet. *King mackerel fishing* shall be defined as a fishing activity where the sole purpose is to catch king mackerel (*Scomberomorus cavalla*). It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation, while engaged in any net fishing activity or "set" to catch in excess of ten percent by weight of species other than king mackerel while king mackerel fishing. *Commercial eel fishing* shall be defined as a fishing activity using traps or pots where the sole purpose is to catch American eel (*Anguilla rostrata*). It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to retain any fish or shellfish other than adult eels while engaged in commercial eel fishing. An adult eel shall be defined as an eel at least 6" in length. *Approved degradable material* shall be defined as a material after which one year of immersion in water loses at least 50% of its tensile strength and for which a field test must be available to analyze the material for authenticity or the net must have a placard issued by the Department of Marine Resources which will be permanently attached to the net certifying that the net is made of an approved degradable material. Any material approved by the CMR under Ordinance 5.012 shall be deemed an "approved degradable material" for the purposes of this ordinance, regardless of whether the material meets the 50% loss in tensile strength after one year of immersion in water.

Section 2. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to catch, take, or carry away any saltwater fish by or with any gill nets, trammel nets, purse seines, seines, fish traps, except permitted eel traps, or any other like contrivances, in the territorial waters of the state of Mississippi within 1,200' of any public pier owned and operated by hotels or motels for the use of their patrons and guests for swimming and fishing or any harbor or within 1,200' of the shoreline of Deer Island.

Section 3. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to catch, take or carry away any saltwater fish by or with any gill nets, trammel nets, purse seines, seines, fish traps, and other like contrivances except permitted eel traps in the following areas of the state of Mississippi:

A) within any river, bayou, creek, canal, stream, tributary, lake, bay, or inlet, or other water source entering into areas defined as salt waters under the jurisdiction of the Mississippi Commission on Marine Resources, except Point aux Chenes Bay, Middle Bay, Jose Bay, L'Isle Chaude, Heron Bay, Pascagoula Bay, south of a line beginning at a point on the shoreline at the southern terminus of range lines R7W and R6W near Camp Lamotte; thence southeasterly along the most direct line to the southernmost point of Twin Islands; thence easterly along the most direct line to the southern point of Rabbit Island; thence easterly along the most direct line to the beacon "Occ R 4 sec 100 ft" on the eastern side of Litton Shipbuilding; thence southeasterly following the shoreline to the southeasterlymost point of land adjoining the entrance to Yazoo Lake and South Rigolets and Biloxi Bay south of a line drawn between Marsh Point and Grand Bayou. These restrictions in subsection a) shall not apply to mullet fishing in Pascagoula Bay south of the CSX Railroad Bridge.

B) within fifteen hundred (1,500) feet from the shoreline between U.S. Highway 90 bridge and the north shore of Bayou Caddy in Hancock County.

C) within an area that would block the mouth of any river, bayou, creek, canal, stream, tributary, lake, bay inlet, channel, or other water source entering into areas defined as salt waters under the jurisdiction of the Mississippi Commission on Marine Resources. Areas defined as salt waters under the jurisdiction of the Mississippi Commission on Marine Resources are specified by Mississippi Commission on Wildlife, Fisheries and Parks Public Notice Number 2276 in accordance with Section 49-15-23 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, Annotated.

D) within an area formed by a line running one mile from the shoreline of Cat, Ship, Horn, Petit Bois, and Round Island, or from the shoals of Telegraph Keys and Telegraph Reef (Merrill Coquille), during the period from May 15 to September 15 of each year.

E) within twelve hundred (1,200) feet of any private piers which extend a distance of 75' or more from the shoreline, except when mullet fishing.

F) within 300' of any private piers which extend a distance of 75' or more from the shoreline when mullet fishing.

G) All of the aforementioned piers must be in usable condition with boards spaced in such a way that persons can walk the entire distance of the pier.

Section 4. Notwithstanding the provisions of Sections 2 and 3 above, it shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to set, use or possess a gill or trammel net in the marine waters of the state of Mississippi contrary to the following restrictions:

A) from 6:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. no gill and trammel nets shall be set or otherwise used for the taking of aquatic life within one-half nautical mile of the shoreline or any manmade structure attached to the shoreline from Bayou Caddy in Hancock County to Marsh Point in Ocean Springs, Jackson County.

B) from 6:00 p.m. to 6:00 a.m. no gill and trammel nets shall be set or otherwise used for the taking of aquatic life within one-quarter nautical mile of the shoreline or any manmade structure attached to the shoreline from Bayou Caddy in Hancock County to Marsh Point in Ocean Springs, Jackson County.

C) It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to possess fish in, or in contact with, any gill or trammel net in a boat in the marine waters of Mississippi in the St. Louis Bay north of the CSX Railroad Bridge; in Biloxi Bay north of a line drawn between Marsh Point and Grand Bayou; in Pascagoula Bay north of the CSX Railroad bridge.

D) It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to set or otherwise use a gill or trammel net in the marine waters of Mississippi or to possess fish in, or contact with, a gill or trammel net in a boat in the marine waters of Mississippi between 6:00 a.m. on Saturday mornings and 6:00 p.m. on Sunday evenings.

E) It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to set or otherwise use a gill or trammel net in the marine waters of Mississippi or to possess fish in, or in contact with, a gill or trammel net in the marine waters of Mississippi or to possess fish in, or in contact with, a gill or trammel net in a boat in the marine waters of Mississippi between 6:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. on legal holidays established by the Mississippi legislature and as set forth in Mississippi Code Annotated §3-3-7.

F) No gill or trammel net shall be set within one-quarter mile of another gill or trammel net.

G) Gill and trammel nets must be attended at all times from a distance of no greater than the length of the boat in use.

H) On and after January 1, 1997, all gill and trammel nets must be constructed of an approved degradable material. An approved degradable materials list will be on file with the Executive Director of the Department of Marine Resources or his designee. Any material that has not been approved by the Commission on Marine Resources by the October 15, 1996 CMR meeting must meet the requirements of the approved degradable materials definition.

Section 5. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to engage in commercial eel fishing activities by trap or pot in all areas defined as salt waters under the jurisdiction of the Mississippi Commission of Marine Resources by Public Notice No. 2276 in accordance with Section 49-15-23 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, Annotated, without first obtaining a commercial eel permit from the Department of Marine Resources.

Section 6. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to use at any time trammel nets, gill nets, seines, or any other like contrivances in excess of twelve hundred (1,200) feet in length. Except when fishing gill and trammel nets between October 15 through December 15 of each year, nets must be of a mesh size of 1½" square, 3" stretch or larger, and it shall be unlawful for any boat to use more than one such net. Between October 15 through December 15 of each year, gill and trammel nets must be a mesh size of 1¼" square, 3½" stretch or larger, and it shall be unlawful for any boat to use more than one such net.

Section 7. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation other than licensed menhaden vessels engaged in menhaden fishing, to use or have in possession purse seine(s) in excess of fifteen hundred (1,500) feet in length. Said nets must be of a mesh size of ½" square, 1" stretch mesh or larger.

Section 8. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to engage in commercial eel fishing as defined herein using:

A) Traps with a diameter in excess of 2' or a length in excess of 4' or a muzzle or throat with an opening in excess of 2" maximum measurement.

B) Traps with a mesh size smaller than ½" x 1".

C) Pots larger than 24"x24"x15" or having a throat in excess of 2", maximum measurement.

Section 9. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to leave a gill net, trammel net, purse seine, seine or any other net like contrivance governed by the restrictions set forth in this Ordinance unattended in the waters of this state, and at least one person shall be required to stand by, within one boat length of the boat using said net, at all times the net is in the water. It shall further be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to use or have in their possession a gill net, trammel net, seine or like contrivance on the waters of this state without a visible buoy attached every one hundred feet clearly marked with the license number or owner's full name thereon.

Section 10. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to use or have in their possession in or on the waters of this state any fish traps, fish pots, eel traps, or like contrivances that are not clearly marked with the owner's full name, permit, or license number. It shall further be unlawful for said person, firm, or corporation to fail to check and empty each trap, pot, or like contrivance at least once every 48 hours.

Section 11. The Mississippi Commission on Marine Resources, in accordance with the provisions of a duly adopted Commission management plan, published and filed with the Secretary of State; or in accordance with a management plan developed by the Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Council and approved by the United States Secretary of Commerce; may establish annual total allowable catch (TAC) rates for commercial and recreational fishermen. Said catch rates may apply to red drum, spotted seatrout, mullet, brown shrimp, white shrimp, blue crabs, or any other species of fish or shellfish which the Commission deems necessary to advisable. Furthermore, the Commission may close a fishery or disallow the taking of any particular species of fish or shellfish by commercial fishermen, recreational fishermen or both commercial and recreational fishermen in response to catches meeting or exceeding a TAC established by order of the Commission. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to violate any of the provisions of such management plans as approved by the Commission or to exceed the TAC levels which may be established annually for any species of fish or shellfish.

Section 12. An annual TAC for commercial landings of red drum (*Sciaenops ocellatus*) has been set at thirty-five thousand (35,000) pounds beginning October 1, 1990 and ending September 30 of each following year.

Section 13. An annual TAC for commercial landings of spotted seatrout (*Cynoscion nebulosus*) has been set at forty thousand (40,000) pounds beginning October 1, 1995 and ending September 30 of each following year.

Section 14. It shall further be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to sell, offer for sale, barter, trade or purchase cobia landed in Mississippi. Cobia and any species of finfish that have an established annual quota and are landed legally elsewhere and/or transported into or within Mississippi for sale, must be accompanied by an affidavit or certificate from the regulating agency of the point of origin stating that the fish were legally landed or accompanied by a bill or lading if imported from a foreign country. Cobia and any species of finfish that have an established annual quota and are raised on permitted aquaculture facilities must be accompanied by a bill of lading with the permit number attached and may be sold below the prescribed minimum lengths.

Section 15. The restrictions, with the exception of Section 11, outlined in this ordinance do not apply to Brill nets, cast nets, drop nets for crabs, small mesh beach seines not exceeding 100' in length, and having a mesh size not to exceed ¼" bar-½" stretch, trawls for the catching of shrimp, purse seines for the catching of menhaden, or nets, traps, or pots for

experimental purposes approved and duly permitted by the Commission on Marine Resources.

Section 16. Any person, firm, or corporation convicted by violating any of the provisions of this ordinance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and penalized in accordance with Section 49-15-63 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, Annotated. Violations of more than one section or subsection of this ordinance, or part thereof, shall be considered separate offenses and punished as such.

Section 17. Each section and subsection of this ordinance shall be declared separable, and if any section or subsection or part thereof shall be held invalid or unconstitutional, the balance of said ordinance shall

remain in full force and effect.

### **SEAFOOD BUSINESS LICENSES**

Interstate Commerce - \$20.00  
Resident Seafood Dealer - \$100.00  
Resident Seafood Processor - \$200.00  
Resident Menhaden Processor - \$500.00  
Transport Permit - \$100.00

A non-resident will pay the same fee for a license that a Mississippi resident is charged as a non-resident if the fee is more than that listed.

## TEXAS

Information in this section is current as of September 1, 1999 and may change due to Texas Legislative or Texas Parks and Wildlife Commission action(s). This section is only a brief and incomplete summary of Texas fishing regulations. More detailed information can be obtained by contacting the Texas Parks and Wildlife Department, 4200 Smith School Road, Austin, Texas 78744 (1-800-792-1112) or (512) 389-4628.

### SHRIMP

#### Shrimp License Management

A limited entry plan for the Texas bay and bait shrimp fishery became effective June 1995. The department may renew a bay or bait license only if the person seeking renewal owns the commercial bay and/or bait shrimp boat for which the license renewal is sought and held the bay and/or bait license during the preceding year.

#### Commercial Shrimp Licenses

Resident - An individual who has resided continuously in this state for more than six months immediately before applying for a license.

Non-resident - An individual who has not resided continuously in this state for at least six months immediately before applying for a license.

Gulf Shrimp Boat License (Resident \$275.00/ Non-resident \$1,025.00) - Required for each boat that must be registered under federal or state laws and is used in the Gulf of Mexico or "outside" waters of the state for taking shrimp and other aquatic products for pay, barter, sale, or exchange or for boats unloading within the state such products taken outside the state's waters.

Bay Shrimp Boat License (Resident \$195.00/Non-resident \$525.00) - Required for each boat that must be registered under federal or state laws and is used in the inside major bay waters of the state for taking shrimp for pay, barter, sale, or exchange.

Bait Shrimp Boat License (Resident \$195.00/Non-resident \$525.00) - Required for each boat that must be registered under federal or state laws and is used in the inside waters of the state for taking bait shrimp for pay, barter, sale, or exchange.

Commercial Shrimp Boat Captain's License (Resident \$25.00/ Non-resident \$100.00) - Required of any person who operates a commercial shrimp boat catching or attempting to catch shrimp and other aquatic products from the public waters of this state or unloading or attempting to unload in this state shrimp and other aquatic products taken from waters outside this state.

#### Recreational Shrimping Licenses

Resident Sportfishing License - \$19.00  
Temporary (3-day) Resident Sportfishing License - \$10.00  
Temporary (10-day) Resident Sportfishing License - \$12.00  
Non-Resident Sportfishing License - \$30.00  
Temporary (5-day) Non-Resident Sportfishing License - \$20.00  
Saltwater Sportfishing Stamp - \$7.00  
Individual Bait Shrimp Trawl Tag - \$23.00

#### Commercial Shrimping Seasons

Gulf - The "outside waters" within seven fathoms are closed to night shrimping (30 minutes after sunset to 30 minutes before sunrise) throughout the year.

The "outside waters" are closed from 30 minutes after sunset on May 15 to 30 minutes after sunset on July 15. The closing and opening dates of this season may be changed by the Texas Parks and Wildlife Commission or the Executive Director to provide for an earlier or later season. The closing date may be changed with a 72-hour public notice, and the season may be reopened with a 24-hour public notice. The closed season shall not exceed 75 days.

The "outside waters" within seven fathoms are closed from December 16 through February 1. Seabobs may be taken in this closed season only during daylight hours and only by commercial gulf shrimp boats. The catch taken during this period may not include more than 10% by weight or numbers shrimp of other species than seabobs.

Major Bays-Inside Waters - Spring open season in "major bays" is from May 15 to July 15 from 30 minutes before sunrise to 2:00 p.m.

Fall open season in "major bays" is from August 15 to December 15 from 30 minutes before sunrise to 30 minutes after sunset.

Winter open season in "major bays" south of the Colorado River is from February 1 to April 15 from 30 minutes after sunset to 30 minutes before sunrise.

Bait Season-Inside Waters - Season open year round. Legal shrimping hours: August 15 through March 31 - 30 minutes before sunrise to 30 minutes after sunset; April 1 through August 14 - 30 minutes before sunrise to 2:00 p.m. There is a special 1:00 a.m. to 30 minutes before sunrise season in the Laguna Madre in Nueces County only. Check with the Texas Parks and Wildlife Department for information.

#### Recreational Shrimping Season

Same as commercial shrimp seasons.

#### Gear Restrictions

A beam trawl or otter trawl with a bag-shaped net which is used to catch shrimp.

*Beam Trawl* - A trawl, without wings, the mouth of which is held open by a rigid beam of wood or metal.

*Otter Trawl* - A funnel-shaped trawl, with wings, the mouth of which is held open by floats and weights and spread by trawl doors fastened to the wings.

#### Commercial Gear Restrictions

Trawl Size, Gulf - No width restriction except during the winter closed season while shrimping for seabobs. During the winter closed season, no more than one trawl not exceeding 25' measured between the doors along an uninterrupted corkline including any and all add on devices.

A try net not exceeding 21' in width as measured along an uninterrupted corkline from leading tip of door to leading tip of door including any and all add on devices, or a beam trawl not exceeding 10' in width may also be used. Try net doors or boards may not exceed 450 square inches.

Fall Open Season, Major Bays Inside Waters - Net may not exceed 95' in width measured from leading tip of door to leading tip of door along the uninterrupted corkline including any and all add on devices.

A try net not exceeding 21' in width as measured along an uninterrupted corkline from leading tip of door to leading tip of door-including any and all add on devices, or a beam trawl not exceeding 10' in width may also be used. Try net doors or boards may not exceed 450 square inches.

Spring & Winter Open Seasons, Major Bays Inside Waters and Bait Season, Inside Waters - Net may not exceed a total measurement as described in the chart below as measured along an uninterrupted corkline from leading tip of door to leading tip of door including any and all add on devices. Doors may not be less than 3' in length as measured along the door centerline from the leading tip to the trailing edge of the door.

Doors	Trawl	Doors	Trawl
3'-4'	40'	4'-5'	42'
5'-6'	44'	6'-7'	46'
7'-8'	48'	8'-9'	50'
9'-10'	52'	10' or more	54'

In the case of a beam trawl, the beam trawl shall not exceed 25' in width as measured along the beam in its fully extended position.

A try net not exceeding 21' in width as measured along an uninterrupted corkline from leading tip of door to leading tip of door including any and all add on devices, or a beam trawl not exceeding 10' in width may also be used. Try net doors or boards may not exceed 450 square inches.

**Recreational Gear Restrictions**

Trawl - Trawl may not exceed 20' in width as measured from back of door along an uninterrupted corkline including any and all add on devices. Doors or boards may not exceed 15"x30" each or a total of 450 square inches each.

**Commercial Shrimp Size Restrictions**

There are no size restrictions on shrimp caught under a Gulf, bay, or bait commercial shrimp boat license, except: shrimp caught under a bay license in major bays-inside waters from August 15 through October 31 are required to average in count 50 heads-on or less.

**Recreational Size Restrictions**

Commercial shrimp size restrictions apply.

**Commercial Shrimp Bag Limits**

Gulf - No limit on amount of shrimp taken.

Major Bays & Bait Bays, Inside Waters - During fall and winter open season in major bays-inside waters, under a bay license, there is no limit on amount of shrimp taken. During the spring open season in major bays-inside waters, under a bay license, no more than 600 pounds of shrimp per boat per day may be taken. During bait season in bait bays-inside waters, under a bait license, no more than 200 pounds of shrimp per boat per day may be taken. Fifty percent (50%) of commercial bait shrimp onboard must be kept in a live condition except from August 16 through November 15.

**Recreational Shrimp Bag Limits**

Gulf - 100 pounds per person per day for personal use; two quarts per person or four quarts per boat if two or more licensed persons onboard for bait purposes.

Major Bays and Bait Bays - 15 pounds per person per day for personal use in major bays; two quarts per person or four quarts per boat if two or more licensed persons onboard for bait purposes.

**SHELLFISH - OYSTERS**

**Commercial Oyster Licenses**

Commercial Oyster Boat License (Resident \$350.00/Non-resident \$1,400.00) - Required for each boat used to transport or for taking oysters for pay or for the purpose of sale, barter, or exchange or any other commercial purpose from the public waters of this state by utilizing a dredge, tongs, or other mechanical means.

Commercial Oyster Boat Captain's License (Resident \$25.00/

Non-resident \$100.00) - Required of any person who operates a commercial oyster boat while taking oysters from the public waters of this state.

Commercial Oyster Fisherman's License (Resident \$100.00/Non-resident \$250.00) - Required of any person who takes oysters from the public waters of this state for pay or for the purpose of sale, barter, or exchange or any other commercial purpose.

**Recreational Oyster Licenses**

Sport Oyster Boat License (Resident \$10.00/Non-resident \$40.00) - required when using a sport oyster dredge or tongs to take oysters  
 Resident Sportfishing License - \$19.00  
 Temporary (3-day) Resident Sportfishing License - \$10.00  
 Temporary (10-day) Resident Sportfishing License - \$12.00  
 Non-Resident Sportfishing License - \$30.00  
 Temporary (5-day) Non-Resident Sportfishing License - \$20.00  
 Saltwater Sportfishing Stamp - \$7.00

**Commercial Oyster Season**

Season is open from November 1 through April 30 except on all private leases with permits from the Texas Parks and Wildlife Department where there is no closed season. During open season, oysters may be taken only from sunrise to sunset.

**Recreational Oyster Season**

Same as commercial oyster season. Oysters may be taken only from waters approved by the State Commissioner of Health.

**Commercial Gear Restrictions**

Oyster Dredge - Not more than 48" in width across the mouth. No more than two barrel capacity. May not use more than one dredge. May not have more than one dredge connected in any manner to a winch, chain, or other lifting device during the open public season. May not have on board any dredge(s), other than the one connected to a winch, chain, or other lifting device, unless secured below deck, to or on the wheelhouse, or to the deck in such a manner as to not be readily accessible for use.

**Recreational Gear Restrictions**

Oyster Dredge - Not more than 48" in width across the mouth. May not have more than one dredge connected in any manner to a winch, chain, or other lifting device during the open public season. May not have on board any dredge(s), other than the one connected to a winch, chain, or other lifting device, unless secured below deck, to or on the wheelhouse, or to the deck in such a manner as to not be readily accessible for use.

**Size Limits**

Commercial and Recreational - It is unlawful for any person to take or possess a cargo of oysters more than 15% of which are between ¾" and 3" measured from beak to bill or along an imaginary line through the long axis of the shell.

**Oyster Bag Limits**

Commercial - Commercial boats are limited to not more than 50 barrels of legal oysters. Not more than two barrels of uncultured oysters are permitted onboard while fishing on a reef.

Recreational - It is unlawful to take or possess more than two bushels of legal sized oysters per person.

#### Leases

Leases are granted to individuals upon approval of Coastal Fisheries Division.

### SHELLFISH - CRABS

On June 20, 1997, legislation was passed authorizing the Texas Parks and Wildlife Commission to establish a license limitation system for the Texas commercial crab fishery.

#### Commercial Crab Licenses

General Crab Fisherman's License (Resident \$500.00/Non-resident \$2,000.00) - Required for any person who takes crabs from the waters of this state for pay for the purpose of sale, barter, or exchange or any other commercial purpose.

General Commercial Fisherman's License (Resident \$20.00/Non-resident \$150.00) - Required for any person operating a boat bearing a commercial crab fisherman's license or crab fishing under the license of a commercial crab fisherman.

#### Recreational Crab Licenses

Resident Sportfishing License - \$19.00  
Temporary (3-day) Resident Sportfishing License - \$10.00  
Temporary (10-day) Resident Sportfishing License - \$12.00  
Non-Resident Sportfishing License - \$30.00  
Temporary (5-day) Non-Resident Sportfishing License - \$20.00  
Saltwater Sportfishing Stamp - \$7.00

#### Commercial Crab Season

No closed season for the taking of crabs. No person may remove crab traps from the water or remove crabs from crab traps during the period from 30 minutes after sunset to 30 minutes before sunrise.

#### Recreational Crab Season

No closed season for the taking of crabs. No person may remove crab traps from the water or remove crabs from crab traps during the period from 30 minutes after sunset to 30 minutes before sunrise.

#### Crab Restrictions

Possession and Sale - It is unlawful to possess egg bearing (sponge) crabs of any species, to purchase or sell a female crab that has its abdominal apron detached, to fail to return immediately a stone crab to the waters where caught, or to remove or possess onboard a vessel on public waters the left claw from a stone crab.

Size Limits - May not possess blue crabs less than 5" in width, measured across the widest point of the body from tip of spine to tip of spine. Not more than 5%, by number, of undersized crabs may be possessed if placed in a separate container at the time of taking. Each right stone crab claw retained must be at least 2½" long as measured from the tip of the immovable claw to the first joint behind the claw.

#### Gear Restrictions

*Degradable Panel* - the trap lid tie-down strap secured to the trap at one end by a simple loop of untreated jute or sisal twine (comparable to Lehigh brand #390, #530) or untreated steel wire with a diameter of 20 gauge or smaller or containing at least one sidewall, not including the bottom panel with a rectangular opening no smaller in either dimension than 3"x6". Any obstruction placed in this opening may not be secured in any manner except it may be laced, sewn, or otherwise obstructed by a single length of untreated jute or sisal twine knotted only at each end and not tied or looped more than once around a single mesh bar.

Commercial - It is unlawful to fish for commercial purposes with more than 200 crab traps at one time; to fish a crab trap in the fresh waters of

the state; to fish a crab trap that exceeds 18 cubic feet in volume and is not equipped with at least two escape vents (minimum 2½" inside diameter) in each crab retaining chamber and located on the lower edge of the outside trap walls; to fish a crab trap that is not equipped with a degradable panel; to fish a crab trap for commercial purposes that is not marked with a floating white buoy not less than 6" in height, 6" in length, and 6" in width and marked with the crab fisherman's license plate number at least 2" high in contrasting color attached to the crab trap; to fish a crab trap in public waters that is marked with a buoy made of a plastic bottle of any color or size; to fish a crab trap in public salt waters without a valid gear tag that has a date that is more than 30 days old attached to the buoy.

Recreational - It is unlawful to fish for non-commercial purposes with more than six crab traps at one time; to fish a crab trap in the fresh waters of the state; to fish a crab trap that exceeds 18 cubic feet in volume and is not equipped with at least two escape vents (minimum 2½" inside diameter) in each crab retaining chamber and located on the lower edge of the outside trap walls; to fish a crab trap that is not equipped with a degradable panel; to fish a crab trap for non-commercial purposes that is not marked with a floating white buoy not less than 6" in height, 6" in length, and 6" in width, bearing a 2" wide center stripe of contrasting color, attached to the crab trap.

### SHELLFISH - MUSSELS

#### Commercial Licenses

General Commercial Fisherman's License (Resident \$20.00/Non-resident \$150.00) - Required for any person who catches aquatic products from the waters of this state for pay for the purpose of sale, barter, or exchange or any other commercial purpose.

Commercial Fishing Boat License (Resident \$15.00/Non-resident \$60.00) - Required of each boat that must be registered under federal or state laws and is used in taking aquatic products except menhaden, oysters, and shrimp from the public waters of the state or for boats unloading within the state such products taken outside the state's waters for pay, barter, exchange, sale, or any commercial purpose.

Commercial Mussel and Clam Fisherman's License (Resident \$30.00/Non-resident \$800.00) - Required of any person who takes mussels, clams, or their shells from the public waters of this state for commercial purposes.

Shell Buyer License (Resident \$100.00/Non-resident \$1,500.00) - Required to purchase for commercial use mussel and clam shells that have been taken from public waters.

#### Recreational Licenses

Resident Sportfishing License - \$19.00  
Temporary (3-day) Resident Sportfishing License - \$10.00  
Temporary (10-day) Resident Sportfishing License - \$12.00  
Non-Resident Sportfishing License - \$30.00  
Temporary (5-day) Non-Resident Sportfishing License - \$20.00  
Saltwater Sportfishing Stamp - \$7.00

#### Open Season

Season is open year round. May be taken only from 30 minutes before sunrise to 30 minutes after sunset. May be taken for consumption only from waters approved by the State Commission of Health. Not all public fresh waters are open to the taking of mussels and clams. Check with the Texas Parks and Wildlife Department for information on closed areas.

#### Gear Restriction

May be taken by hand only.

**Bag and Possession Limits**

Recreational Limits: No person may take or possess, for personal use, more than 25 pounds of whole mussels and clams, or 12 pounds of mussel and clam shells, from the public waters of this state per day.

**Size Limits**

No person may take or possess mussels and clams, including their shells, of the following species that will pass through a ring with an inside diameter (I.D.) specified for that species:

Species	Ring I.D. in Inches
Washboard, <i>Megaloniais nervosa</i>	4.00
Threeridges and roundlakes, <i>Amblema</i> sp.	2.75
Mapleleafs and pimplebacks, <i>Quadrula</i> sp.	2.75
Tampico pearlymussel, <i>Cyrtonais tampicoensis</i>	2.75
Bleufer, <i>Potamilus purpuratus</i>	2.75
All other species of freshwater mussels	2.50

**FINFISH**

**Commercial Finfish Licenses**

General Commercial Fisherman's License (Resident \$20.00/Non-resident \$150.00) - Required for any person who catches aquatic products from the waters of this state for pay for the purpose of sale, barter, or exchange or any other commercial purpose.

Commercial Finfish Fisherman's License (Resident \$75.00/Non-resident \$150.00) - Required for any person who takes finfish for commercial purposes from the coastal waters of this state. Exemptions for holders of an individual bait dealer license, a shrimp boat captain's license, and crew members on a licensed shrimp boat or licensed menhaden boat.

Commercial Fishing Boat License (Resident \$15.00/Non-resident \$60.00) - Required of each boat that must be registered under federal or state laws and is used in taking aquatic products except menhaden, oysters, and shrimp from the public waters of the state or for boats unloading within the state such products taken outside the state's waters

for pay, barter, exchange, sale, or any commercial purpose.

**Recreational Licenses**

- Resident Sportfishing License - \$19.00
- Temporary (3-day) Resident Sportfishing License - \$10.00
- Temporary (10-day) Resident Sportfishing License - \$12.00
- Non-Resident Sportfishing License - \$30.00
- Temporary (5-day) Non-Resident Sportfishing License - \$20.00
- Saltwater Sportfishing Stamp - \$7.00

**Commercially Protected Finfish**

The following finfish taken from Texas state waters may not be purchased, transported, or possessed for the purpose of sale, or offered for sale: bass of the genus *Micropterus*, striped bass, white bass, yellow bass, flathead catfish, crappie, red drum, jewfish, blue marlin, white marlin, muskellunge, Northern pike, sailfish, sauger, spotted seatrout, snook, longbill spearfish, tarpon, walleye, or hybrids of any of these fish. With a Texas finfish import license, any person in this state may receive directly from another state or country or import, transport, or sell for resale commercially protected finfish. To be lawfully imported, sold, or purchased in Texas, bass of the genus *Micropterus*, crappie, flathead catfish, red drum, striped bass, white bass, or a hybrid of these fish must be farm raised and fed a prepared feed containing 20% or more of plant protein or grain by-products as a primary food source.

**COMMERCIAL SEAFOOD BUSINESS LICENSE**

Wholesale Fish Dealers License (\$525.00 for each place of business)/ Wholesale Fish Truck Dealers License (\$325.00 for each truck used as a place of business) - Required for any person who operates a place of business and buys for the purpose of selling, canning, preserving, processing, or handling for shipments or sale aquatic products to retail or wholesale fish dealers, hotels, restaurants, cafes, or consumers.

Retail Fish Dealers License (\$46.00 for each place of business except trucks)/Retail Fish Truck License (\$86.00 for each truck used as a place of business) - Required for any person who operates a place of business and buys aquatic products for the purpose of sale to consumers only.

Texas Finfish Import License (\$75.00) - Required of any person in this state receiving any commercially protected finfish directly from another state or country, or importing, transporting, or selling for resale these fish in this state.

**NET RESTRICTIONS**

All public waters in Texas are closed to the use of any type of nets, except minnow seines and cast nets, to take finfish.

**Size and Possession Limits for Texas Saltwater Finfish**

All sizes are total length measurements as measured in a straight line from the tip of the snout to the extreme tip of a squeezed tail or turned tail if a fork-tailed fish to obtain the maximum overall length).

Species	Daily bag	Possession	Minimum length in inches	Maximum length in inches
<b>COMMERCIAL</b>				
Amberjack, greater	1	2	32	
Drum, black*	5	10	14	30
Catfish, gafftopsail			14	
Flounder	60**	60*	14	None
Cobia	2	4	37	
Spanish mackerel	7	14	14	
King mackerel	2	4	23	
Mullet*			No minimum	12***
Pompano, Florida			9	
Snapper, lane			8	
Snapper, red	5	10	15	
Snapper, vermilion			10	
Sharks	5	10		
Sheepshead*	5	10	12	None
Fishermen holding a finfish fisherman license are exempt from bag limits on black drum and sheepshead.				

**RECREATIONAL**

Notice - There may be exceptions on certain lakes -- check digest.

Amberjack, greater	1	2	32	
Bass, striped	5	10	18	None
Catfish, gafftopsail			14	
Cobia	2	4	37	
Drum, black	5	10	14	30
Drum, red***	3	6	20	28
Flounder	10	20	14	None
Jewfish	0	0	catch and release only	
Mackerel, king	2	4	23	
Mackerel, Spanish	7	14	14	
Marlin, blue			114	
Marlin, white			81	
Mullet*			No minimum	12 during Oct/Nov/Dec/Jan
Sailfish			76	
Seatrout, spotted	10	20	15	
Sharks	5	10		
Sheepshead	5	10	12	
Snapper, lane			8	
Snapper, red	5	10	15	
Snapper, vermilion			10	
Snook	1	2	24	28
Tarpon (tarpon over 80" may be retained with special trophy tag)	0	0	catch and release only	
Black bass, large mouth small mouth	5**	10**	14	0
Catfish, flathead	5	10	18	None
Catfish, channel and blue	25**	50**	12	None
Crappie, white and black	25**	50**	10	0
Walleye	5	10	16	0

\*Special Regulation: Bag and possession limits for black drum and sheepshead do not apply to the holder of a valid Commercial Finfish Fisherman's License.

\*\*Special Regulation: The daily bag and possession limit for the holder of a valid Commercial Finfish Fisherman's License is 60 flounder, except on board a licensed commercial shrimp boat.

\*\*\*Special Regulation: During the period October through January, no mullet more than 12" in length may be taken from public waters or possessed on board a vessel.

**COMMERCIAL FISHING REGULATIONS  
FOR GULF OF MEXICO FEDERAL WATERS**

Species	Minimum Size Limit (unless otherwise indicated)	Trip Limit	Quotas/ Closed Seasons
<b>COASTAL MIGRATORY PELAGICS</b>			
Cobia (ling)	Minimum 33" fork length	Daily bag and possession limit of 2/person	
King mackerel	Minimum 20" fork length	<p><b><i>EASTERN ZONE:</i></b></p> <p><b><u>FL east coast subzone</u></b> 11/1 until 75% subquota -750 lbs/trip. Then 500 lbs/trip. If 75% of quota not filled by 2/15, limit remains at 750 lbs/trip until quota filled or 3/31, whichever comes first.</p> <p>4/1 to 10/31 - South Atlantic regulations apply, refer to South Atlantic Council regulations pamphlet.</p> <p><b><u>FL west coast subzone:</u></b> <b>Gill nets</b> 7/1 until gear quota - 25,000 lbs/trip</p> <p><b><u>FL west coast subzone:</u></b> <b>Hook and line</b> 7/1 until 75% gear quota - 1,250 lbs/trip. Then 500 lbs/trip until gear quota filled.</p> <p><b><i>WESTERN ZONE:</i></b> no trip limits</p>	<p>Quota (subdivided as shown): 2.5 million lbs Gulf group</p> <p>1.73 million lbs <b>EASTERN ZONE</b> -0.865 MP FL-east subzone -0.865 MP FL-west subzone ---0.4325 MP gill nets ---0.4325 MP hook and line</p> <p>0.77 million lbs <b>WESTERN ZONE</b></p>
Spanish mackerel	Minimum 12" fork length	None	Quota: 3.99 million lbs Gulf group. Season opens 4/1 and closes when quota is filled.
<b>REEF FISH</b>			
<u>Snappers</u> Red snapper	15" total length	<p>2,000 lbs/trip with Class 1 red snapper license</p> <p>200 lbs/trip with Class 2 red snapper license</p> <p>Commercial harvest prohibited without a Class 1 or Class 2 red snapper license (in addition to a reef fish vessel permit)</p>	Quota = 4.65 million lbs - 3.06 million lbs on a Feb 1 opening, remainder on a Sep 1 opening, and open first 2 weeks of each month until quota is reached.

Vermilion	10" total length	None	
Lane	8" total length	None	
Gray (mangrove)	12" total length	None	
Mutton	12" total length	None	
Yellowtail	12" total length	None	
Queen	None	None	
Schoolmaster	None	None	
Blackfin	None	None	
Cubera	None	None	
Dog	None	None	
Mahogany	None	None	
Silk	None	None	
Wenchman	None	None	
<u>Deep-Water Groupers</u>			Quota: 1.6 million lbs
Misty	None	None	(Includes scamp after shallow-water grouper quota is filled.)
Snowy	None	None	
Yellowedge	None	None	
Warsaw	None	None	
Speckled Hind	None	None	
<u>Shallow-Water Groupers</u>			Quota: 9.8 million lbs
Red			(Includes all groupers other than those classified as deep-water groupers.)
Yellowfin	20" total length	None	
Black	20" total length	None	
Gag	20" total length	None	
Scamp	20" total length	None	
Yellowmouth	None	None	
Rock hind	None	None	
Red hind	None	None	
<u>Protected Groupers</u>			
Jewfish	Harvest prohibited		
Nassau grouper	Harvest prohibited		
Black seabass	8" total length	None	Sea basses, grunts, and porgies (including black sea bass) in the Gulf of Mexico are removed from federal management effective Jan 29, 1998. After that date, they may be subject to adjacent state regulations, even if caught in federal waters.
Greater amberjack	(commercial) 36" fork length	None	Commercial harvest closed during Mar, Apr, and May.
<b>OTHER SPECIES</b>			
Red drum		Harvest prohibited in federal waters.	
<b>Species</b>	<b>Size Limit</b>	<b>Trip Limit</b>	<b>Quotas/Closed Seasons</b>
<b>SHELLFISH</b>			
Stone crab	Minimum 2¾" claw	None	Season closed 5/16-10/14
Spiny lobster	Carapace more than 3" or tail more than 5½"  Divers must measure in water. See note below.	None	Season closed 4/1-8/5

Shrimp	None, but white shrimp taken in the EEZ and transported to Louisiana must comply with the minimum size limit of that state.	None	Royal red shrimp - 392,000 lbs tail weight. Royal red shrimp season opens Jan 1 and closes when the quota is filled.
<b>HIGHLY MIGRATORY SPECIES (new regulations were to be effective Jul 1, 1999). NOTE: The new commercial shark regulations have been suspended until further notice by court order. The suspended regulations and the prior regulations which now remain in effect are both indicated below.</b>			
<u>Tuna</u> Bluefin	<u>Size Categories</u> Curved fork length, see below: School - 27" to 47" Large school - 47" to <59" Small medium - 59" to <73" Large medium - 73" to <81" Giant - 81" +	Quotas and trip limits vary by size, permit category, and allowable days. Telephone the NMFS Highly Migratory Species Division toll-free 24-hour information line for updates on closure notices, in season quota adjustments, and updates of commercial landings for bluefin tuna at 1-888-USA-TUNA (1-888-872-8862).	
Bigeye Yellowfin Albacore Skipjack Bonito	27" CFL 27" CFL None None None	None None None None None	No quota
<u>Billfish</u> Blue marlin White marlin Sailfish Longbill Spearfish	No commercial fishery allowed. Harvest by rod and reel only. Sale prohibited.		
Swordfish	29" carcass length or 33 lbs, dressed weight (gutted, headed, and finned).  No allowance for undersized fish.	No limit during open season. During closed season, bycatch allowances exist by gear and region - contact the NMFS HMS for details (301) 713-2347.*  With incidental limited access permit - 2 fish/trip*  With incidental limited access permit and in squid trawl fishery - 5 fish/trip*	Directed fishery quota: 1,016 MT DW per six months (Jun 1- Nov 30 and Dec 1-May 31)  North Atlantic incidental fishery quota: 300 MT DW per year  South Atlantic incidental fishery quota: 289 MT DW per year  Incidental harvest prohibited south of 5° N latitude
<u>SHARKS</u>	Ratio of wet fins to dressed carcass not to exceed 5%. Sharks not retained must be released uninjured. Trip reports required. Dealer permits required. Semi-annual quotas may be adjusted downward or upward to reflect over or under harvest in the preceding period.		
Large coastals  Ridgeback species	  Suspended size limit: 54 FL or 30" head and fins removed	Ridgeback/nonridgeback combined  With directed limited access permit - 4,000 lbs/trip*  With incidental limited access permit - 5 fish/trip	  Suspended quota: 310 MT DW per six months (Jan 1-Jun 30 and Jul 1- Dec 31)  Court-ordered quota: 642.5 MT DW per six months (Jan 1-Jun 30 and Jul 1-Dec 31) - ridgeback and nonridgeback combined

Nonridgeback species	None		Suspended quota: 98 MT DW per six months Court-ordered quota: see above
Small coastals	None	None	Suspended quota: 179.5 MT DW per six months Court-ordered quota: 880 MT CW per six months
Pelagics	None	None	Suspended quota: porbeagle quota: 46 MT DW per six months Suspended quota: pelagics other than porbeagles: 244 MT DW per six months Suspended quota: blue sharks: 136.5 MT CW per six months Court-ordered quota: 290 MT DW per six months, all pelagic shark species

**SHARK CATEGORIES**

<u>Large coastals - ridgeback species</u> Sandbar	Silky	Tiger
<u>Large coastal - nonridgeback species</u> Blacktip Lemon Smooth hammerhead	Bull Nurse Spinner	Great hammered Sclp. hammerhead
<u>Small Coastals</u> Atlantic sharpnose Fintooth	Bonnethead	Blacknose
<u>Pelagics</u> Blue Thresher	Shortfin mako Porbeagle	Oceanic whitetip
<u>Prohibited sharks - harvest prohibited</u> Basking Whale	Bigeye sand tiger White	Sand tiger
<u>Prohibited sharks - commercial harvest allowed under court order</u> <b>large coastal</b> Bignose Galapagos	Caribbean reef Narrowtooth	Dusky Night
<b>small coastal</b> Atlantic angel	Caribbean sharpnose	Small tail
<b>pelagic</b> Bigeye sixgill Sevengill	Bigeye thresher Six gill	Longfin mako
<u>Deepwater/Other Shark Species</u> Blotched catshark Deepwater catshark Marbled catshark Blainville's dogfish Caribbean lanternshark Flatnose gulper shark Green lanternshark Japanese gulper shark Little gulper shark Roughskin spiny dogfish American sawshark	Broadgill catshark Dwarf catshark Smallfish catshark Bramble shark Cookiecutter shark Fringefin lanternshark Greenland shark Kitefin shark Portugese shark Smallmouth velvet shark Florida smoothhound	Chain dogfish Iceland catshark Bigtooth cookiecutter Broadband dogfish Cuban dogfish Great lanternshark Gulper shark Lined lanternshark Pgymy shark Smooth lanternshark Smooth dogfish

CORAL AND CORAL REEFS		
Allowable octocorals		Quota: 50,000 colonies
Live rock	Harvest or possession of wild live rock is prohibited. Harvest and possession of aquacultured live rock allowed by permitted individuals.	
Other marine life organisms	Marine life organisms from the EEZ harvested or possessed by Florida residents or landed in Florida are subject to Florida's Marine Life Rule. Contact Florida for more information (850-487-0554).	

**Fork length** = tip of snout to fork of tail.

**Curved fork length** = tip of upper jaw to fork of tail measured along the contour of the middle of the body.

**Carcass length** = curved measure from posterior edge of gill opening to anterior portion of caudal keel.

**Total length** = tip of snout to tip of tail.

**Dressed weight** = fish has been gutted and the head and fins removed but is otherwise in whole condition.

ADDITIONAL REMARKS:	
Stone crab	Stone crab traps must have a biodegradable panel and must be permanently marked with their Florida stone crab permit and color or their federal number and color.
Spiny lobster	Only diving, bully nets, hoop nets, and traps not to exceed 2'x2'x3' allowed. Bycatch of 5% allowed with trawls. Removal of spiny lobster tail allowed only when fishing exclusively in the EEZ on a trip of 48 hours or more and requires a tailing permit.
Cobia (ling)	Drift gill nets are prohibited.
Allowable octocorals	Allowable octocoral means an erect, nonencrusting species of the subclass Octocorallia, except seafans <i>Gorgonia flabellum</i> and <i>G. ventalina</i> , plus the attached substrate within 1 inch of an allowable octocoral. Note: An octocoral with attached substrate exceeding 1 inch is considered to be live rock and not allowable octocoral.
Tuna - bluefin	Allowable gear: rod and reel (including downriggers), handline, harpoon, bandit gear, purse seine nets. Incidental catch allowed with purse seine nets, fixed gear, traps, longlines.
Tuna - others	Allowable gear: rod and reel (including downriggers), handline, harpoon, bandit gear, purse seine nets, longline, and drift gillnet.
Billfish	Retention prohibited on longline and driftnet vessels; must be released in water alive.
Swordfish	Allowable gear: only drift gill nets less than 2.5 km, harpoons, and longlines may target; other gear is incidental catch. (Dressed = gutted, headed, and finned.)
Reef fish	Sea basses, grunts, and porgies in the Gulf of Mexico are removed from federal management effective January 29, 1998. After that date, they may be subject to adjacent state regulations, even if caught in federal waters.
Sharks	<p><i>Large Coastals:</i> Sandbar, blacktip, dusky, spinner, silky, bull, bignose, narrowtooth, galapagos, night, Caribbean reef, tiger, lemon, nurse, scalloped hammerhead, great hammerhead, smooth hammer.</p> <p><i>Small Coastals:</i> Atlantic sharpnose, Caribbean sharpnose, finetooth, blacknose, smalltail, bonnethead, Atlantic angel.</p> <p><i>Pelagics:</i> Shortfin mako, longfin mako, porbeagle, thresher, bigeye thresher, blue, oceanic whitetip, sevengill, sixgill, bigeye sixgill.</p> <p>Illegal to remove the fins and return the remainder of shark to sea.</p>
COMMERCIAL PERMIT REQUIREMENTS: Earned income qualification criteria apply to mackerel, reef fish, and shark permits.	

Permit:	Required for:
Spiny lobster federal vessel permit or Florida commercial harvester license and certificates	Florida commercial harvester license and certificates required for harvest or possession in excess of the bag limits in the EEZ off Florida or to land or sell in Florida. Federal vessel permit required for harvest or possession in excess of the bag limits in the EEZ other than off Florida or sale other than Florida.
Spiny lobster tail-separation permit	Possession of a separated spiny lobster tail in or from the EEZ aboard a vessel. Also requires a spiny lobster federal vessel permit or Florida state license and certificates.
Mackerel vessel permit	Harvest of king or Spanish mackerel under quota and in excess of the bag limits. A proposal for separate permits for king mackerel and Spanish mackerel and a king mackerel permit moratorium is under review by the NMFS.
King mackerel gillnet endorsement	Harvest of king mackerel in the Florida west coast subzone using a gillnet. Also requires a mackerel vessel permit.
Reef fish vessel permit	Harvest and sale of all reef fish listed in the Reef Fish FMP under quota (where applicable) and in excess of the bag limits (where applicable), except jewfish and Nassau grouper (for which all harvest is prohibited). Issuance of new reef fish permits is under a moratorium until December 31, 2000. Existing permits are transferable.
Red snapper license	Required in addition to a reef fish permit to harvest red snapper commercially. A Class 1 license is needed to a 2,000 lb trip limit. A Class 2 license is needed for a 200 lb trip limit. Red snapper licenses will initially be issued during January 1998 for the commercial season that opens February 1, 1998. No additional red snapper licenses will be issued, but red snapper licenses are transferable.
Fish trap endorsement	Required in addition to a reef fish permit to harvest reef fish using fish traps. No new fish trap endorsements are being issued. Existing fish trap endorsements are transferable through January 7, 1999. Thereafter, endorsements are nontransferable except to another vessel owned by the endorsement holder, immediate family members, or in case of death or disability of the endorsement holder. After February 7, 2007, all fish trap endorsements become invalid, and the use of fish traps to harvest reef fish will be prohibited.
Aquacultured live rock permit	Possession or harvest of cultivated live rock. Appropriate Florida state permits are also required to land live rock in Florida. Wild live rock possession or harvest is prohibited.
Allowable octocoral permit	Harvest or possession of allowable octocoral, other than allowable octocoral that is landed in Florida. Appropriate Florida state permits are required to land allowable octocoral in Florida.
Atlantic bluefin tuna permit - general category - charter/head boat - harpoon boat - purse seine boat - incidental catch	Vessels must have one of these permits to sell Atlantic bluefin tuna. Separate quota and gear restrictions apply to each category. An Atlantic bluefin permit will not be issued for more than one category.
Tuna (other) permit - commercial - charter/head boat	Vessels must have one of these permits to sell albacore, Atlantic bonito, bigeye tuna, skipjack tuna, or yellowfin tuna. (An Atlantic bluefin permit, shark permit, or swordfish permit is also valid to harvest "other" tuna.) Purse seine harvest is restricted to those vessels with Atlantic bluefin tuna permits that reported landings of "other" tunas during 1989-1993.
Swordfish vessel permit	Commercial harvest and sale of swordfish under quota.
Shark vessel permit	Harvest and sale of sharks listed in the management unit of the Atlantic Sharks FMP under quota and in excess of the bag limits.

Applications for permits may be obtained from the National Marine Fisheries Service, Southeast Regional Office, Koger Boulevard, 9721 Executive Center Drive, St. Petersburg, Florida 33702 (telephone 813-570-5326) except tuna permits which may be obtained by dialing 1-800-USA-TUNA.

*This information was obtained from Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Council homepage — <http://www.gulfcouncil.org>.*

**RECREATIONAL FISHING REGULATIONS  
FOR GULF OF MEXICO FEDERAL WATERS**

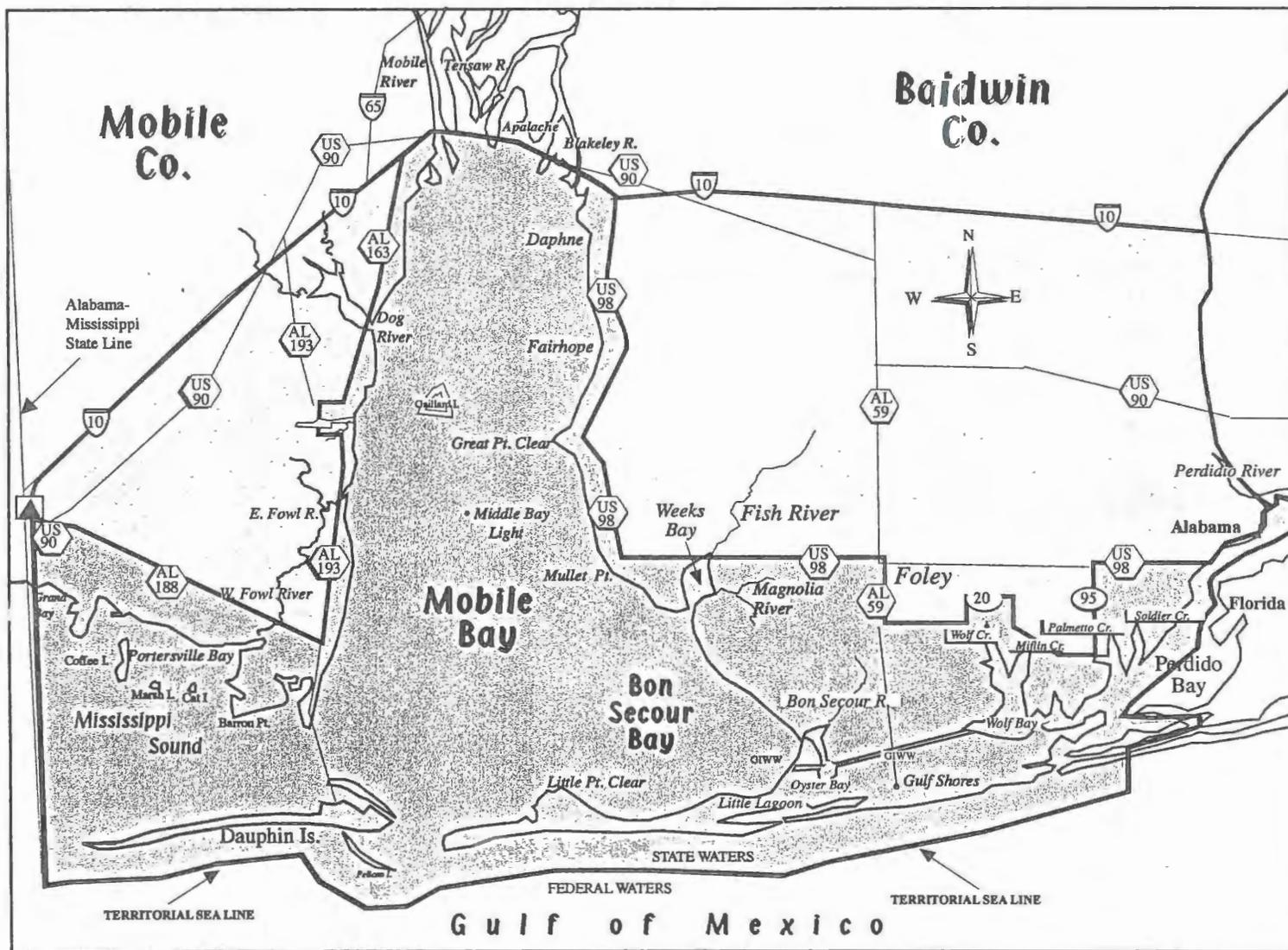
Species	Minimum Size Limit (unless otherwise indicated)	Closed Season	Recreational Daily Bag and Possession Limit
<b>SHELLFISH</b>			
Stone crab	Minimum 2¾" claw	5/16 - 10/14	
Spiny Lobster	More than 3" carapace. Divers must measure in water.	4/1 - 8/5 There is a special two day non-trap recreational season to be the last consecutive Wednesday and Thursday in July	Six/person and no transfer at sea between boats. (During the two-day special season, 12/person off Florida except six/person for Monroe County-Florida Keys).
<b>COASTAL MIGRATORY PELAGICS</b>			
Cobia (ling)	Minimum 33" fork length	None	Two/person
King mackerel	Minimum 20" fork length	None	Two/person for all vessels
Spanish mackerel	Minimum 12" fork length	None	Same as state limit but not to exceed 10/person.*
<b>REEF FISH</b>			
<u>Snappers</u> Red snapper	18" total length (effective from June 4, 1999 until the 1999 season closes)	Season opens January 1 and closes when recreational quota is projected to be reached. The 1999 season closes 12:01 a.m. on August 29.  (A March 1 season opening has been proposed for 1999.)	Four/person
Vermilion lane	10" total length 8" total length	None None	(Included in aggregate reef fish limit) (Included in aggregate reef fish limit)
Gray	12" total length	None	Ten/person in aggregate (includes all snappers except red, vermilion, and lane).
Mutton	12" total length	None	
Yellowtail	12" total length	None	
Queen	None	None	
Schoolmaster	None	None	
Blackfin	None	None	
Cubera	None	None	
Dog	None	None	
Mahogany	None	None	
Silk	None	None	
Wenchman	None	None	

<u>Groupers</u> Red Yellowfin Black Gag Scamp Yellowmouth Rock hind Red hind Speckled hind Misty Snowy Yellowedge Warsaw	20" total length 20" total length 20" total length 20" total length None None None None None None None None None None None	None None None None None None None None None None None None None None	Five/person in aggregate of all groupers.
<u>Protected Groupers</u> Jewfish Nassau grouper	Harvest prohibited Harvest prohibited		
Greater amberjack	28" fork length (recreational)	None	One/person
<u>Aggregate Reef Fish Bag Limit Species</u> Vermilion snapper Lane snapper Gray triggerfish Queen triggerfish	Lesser amberjack Almaco jack Banded rudderfish Hogfish	Goldface tilefish Blackline tilefish Anchor tilefish Blueline tilefish Tilefish	Twenty/person of all listed species aggregate (i.e., all reef fish species not otherwise subject to a bag limit, except for sand perch and dwarf sand perch).
<b>OTHER SPECIES</b>			
Red drum	Harvest prohibited in federal waters.		
<b>HIGHLY MIGRATORY SPECIES</b> (* = new regulations effective July 1, 1999)			
<u>Tuna</u> Bluefin	27" CFL	Bag limits are subject to subquotas by size and permit categories, change seasonally, and are reduced to zero when subquotas are filled. Telephone the NMFS Highly Migratory Species Management Division's toll-free 24-hour information line for updates on bag limits and quotas: 1-888-USA-TUNA (1-888-872-8662).	
Bigeye Yellowfin Albacore Skipjack Blackfin Atlantic bonito	27" CFL 27" CFL None None None None	None None None None None None	No limit Three/person* No limit No limit No limit No limit
<u>Billfish</u> Blue marlin White marlin Sailfish Longbill spearfish	99" LJFL 66" LJFL 63" LJFL* Not applicable	None None None Not applicable	No limit No limit No limit Possession prohibited*
Swordfish	29" carcass length or 33 lbs dressed weight	None	No limit
<u>SHARKS</u> Atlantic sharpnose Other sharks	None 54" fork length	None None	One/person* One/vessel in aggregate*

Prohibited Sharks - Harvest Prohibited			
Atlantic angel		Basking	Bigeye sand tiger
Bigeye sixgill		Bigeye thresher	Bignose
Caribbean reef		Caribbean sharpnose	Dusky
Galapagos		Longfin mako	Narrowtooth
Night		Sand tiger	Sevengill
Sixgill		Smalltail	Whale
White			
CFL = curved fork length - tip of the upper jaw to fork of tail measured along the contour of the middle of the body.			
LJFL = lower jaw fork length - straight-line measurement of a fish from the tip of the lower jaw to the fork of the caudal fin. The measurement is not made along the curved of the body.			
<b>CORAL AND CORAL REEFS</b>			
Allowable octocorals	Attached substrate within 1" of octocoral is allowed.	Season closes when quota of 50,000 colonies is reached.	Six colonies per day.
Live rock	Harvest and possession of live rock is prohibited (except for permitted aquaculture operations).		
Other marine life organisms	Marine life organisms from the EEZ harvested or possessed by Florida residents or landed in Florida are subject to Florida's Marine Life Rule. Contact Florida for more information.		
ADDITIONAL REMARKS: Persons on qualified charter or headboat trips in excess of 24 hours may possess two days' bag limits of reef fish species, king mackerel, and Spanish mackerel.			
Stone crab	Claws may not be removed from egg-bearing females. Illegal to land whole crab. Measures apply off Florida's west coast and the Keys.		
Spiny lobster	Removal of tail prohibited at sea. See commercial regulations for trap use. No spears, hooks, or piercing devices. No taking of spiny or slipper lobsters that are berried (egg-bearing).		
Cobia (ling)	The two-day bag limit allowance for charter vessels and head boats <u>does not</u> apply to cobia.		
Red snapper	Red snapper have a recreational quota of 4.47 million pounds, and the red snapper fishery will close when the recreational quota is projected to be reached.		
Allowable octocorals	Allowable octocoral means an erect, nonencrusting species of the subclass Octocorallia, except the scafans <i>Gorgonia flabellum</i> and <i>G. ventalina</i> , plus the attached substrate within 1" of an allowable octocoral. Note: An octocoral with attached substrate exceeding 1" is considered to be live rock and not allowable octocoral.		
Tuna - bluefin	Tuna permit holders are required to report by telephone all recreationally caught bluefin tuna. Call 1-888-USA-TUNA (1-888-872-8862) and select the catch reporting option. For information about fishing under the NMFS Tag and Release Program when bag limits are closed, call 1-800-437-3936.		
Tuna - others	All tunas must be landed in round or eviscerated form with one pectoral fin intact. Head removal allowed. Caudal fin must be intact on bluefin.		
Billfish	No retention unless taken by rod and reel. Sale prohibited. Head, fins, and bill must be intact through landing. Those people conducting a tournament involving score keeping or awards for Atlantic highly migratory species (whether or not retained), must register their tournament with the NMFS Southeast Fisheries Science Center, Attention: Tournament Registration, 75 Virginia Beach Drive, Miami, FL 33149. The registration must be in writing, at least four weeks prior to commencement of tournament fishing. A tournament registration form is available upon request from the above address or can be requested via FAX (305-361-4219).		
Swordfish	Dressed = gutted, headed, and finned.		
Sharks	Dogfish are not included in the shark limits. See commercial regulations for complete list of sharks under management. Sale prohibited without permit; sharks not retained must be released uninjured. Limits allowed in both groups. Illegal to remove the fins and return remainder of shark to sea.		

This information was obtained from Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Council homepage — <http://www.gulfcouncil.org>.

# ALABAMA



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**ALABAMA DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION AND NATURAL RESOURCES  
MARINE RESOURCES DIVISION**

Major Jerald K. Waller  
Marine Resources Division  
P. O. Box 189  
Dauphin Island, AL 36528  
(334) 861-2882

**FLORIDA FISH AND WILDLIFE CONSERVATION COMMISSION  
BUREAU OF MARINE ENFORCEMENT**



★ **DISTRICT ONE**

Major Jim McCallister  
Captain TBA  
2510 Second Avenue, North  
Jacksonville Beach, Florida 32250  
904-270-2500 SC 852-2500

★ District 1-A  
Captain Mickey Otwell  
1-A Max Brewer Memorial Parkway  
Titusville, Florida 32796  
407-383-2740 SC 360-2740

★ **DISTRICT TWO**

Major Ken Clark  
Captain Sam Cory  
Captain Mike Lamphear  
3200 NE 151 Street  
Miami, Florida 33181  
305-956-2500 SC 479-2500

★ District 2B  
Captain Ross Isominger  
1300 Marcinski Road  
Jupiter, Florida 33477  
561-624-6935 SC 242-6935

★ **DISTRICT THREE**

Major Mike Long  
Captain George Steinmetz  
Captain Bob Donnelly  
2796 Overseas Highway #100  
Marathon, Florida 33050  
305-289-2320 SC 464-2320

★ District 3B  
Captain Denis Grealish  
2423 Edwards Drive  
Fort Myers, Florida 33901  
941-332-6971 SC 740-6966

★ **DISTRICT FOUR**

Major Calvin Davis  
Captain TBA  
5110 Gandy Blvd.  
Tampa, Florida 33611  
813-272-2516 SC 512-3441

★ District 4B  
Captain Mike Tucker  
10247 North Suncoast Blvd.  
Crystal River, Florida 34428-6715  
352-447-1633 SC 621-7888

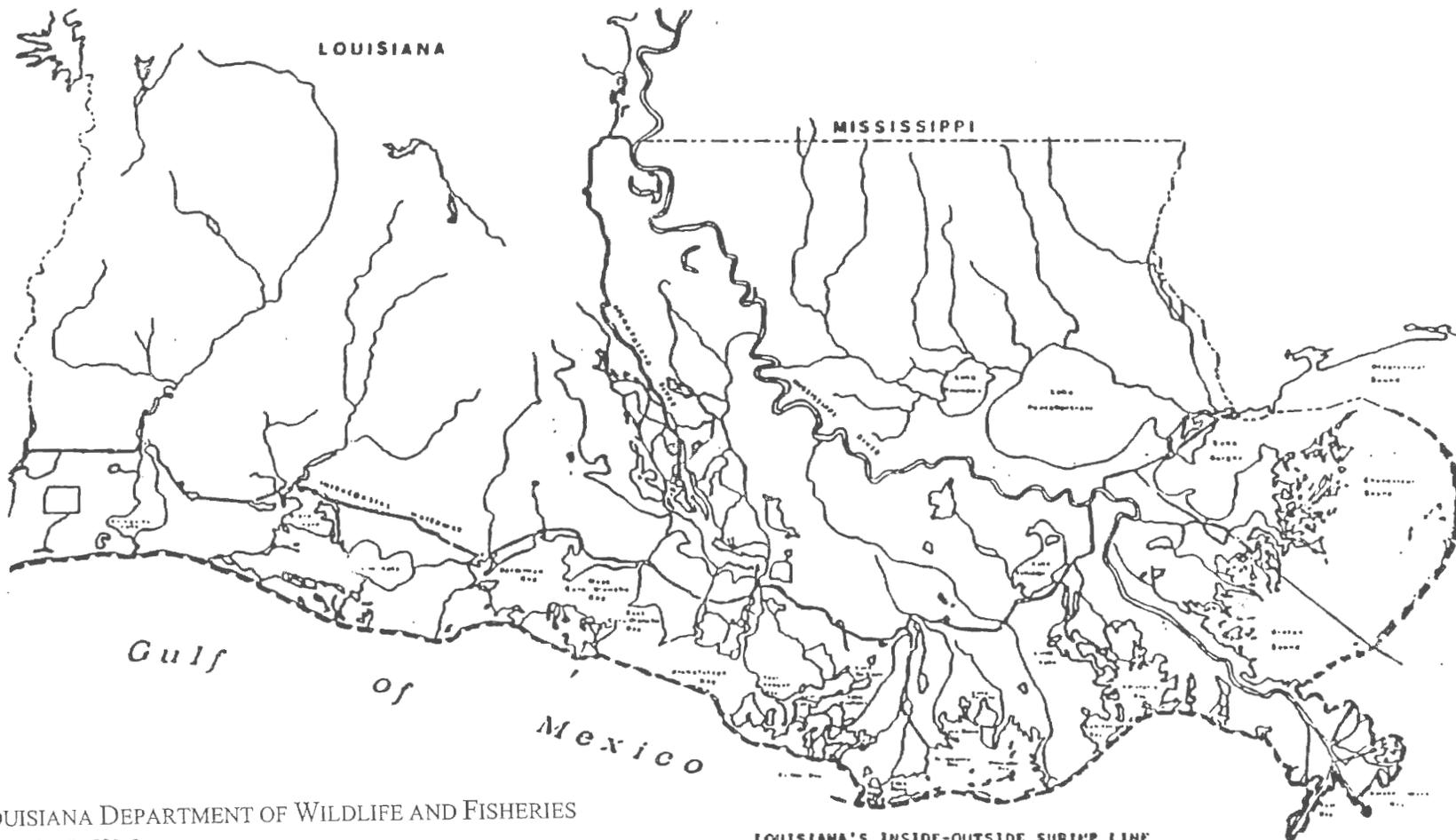
★ **DISTRICT FIVE**

Major J. K. Thompson  
Captain Bob Douglas  
Naval Coastal Systems Ctr. Bldg. 432  
Panama City Beach, Florida 32407  
850-233-5150 SC 770-5155

★ District 5B  
Captain Donald Smith  
Post Office Drawer "P"  
Carabelle, Florida 32322  
850-697-3741 SC 771-3450

★ District 5C  
Captain Brad Williams  
1101 East Gregory Street  
Pensacola, Florida 32501  
850-595-0970 SC 695-0970

# LOUISIANA



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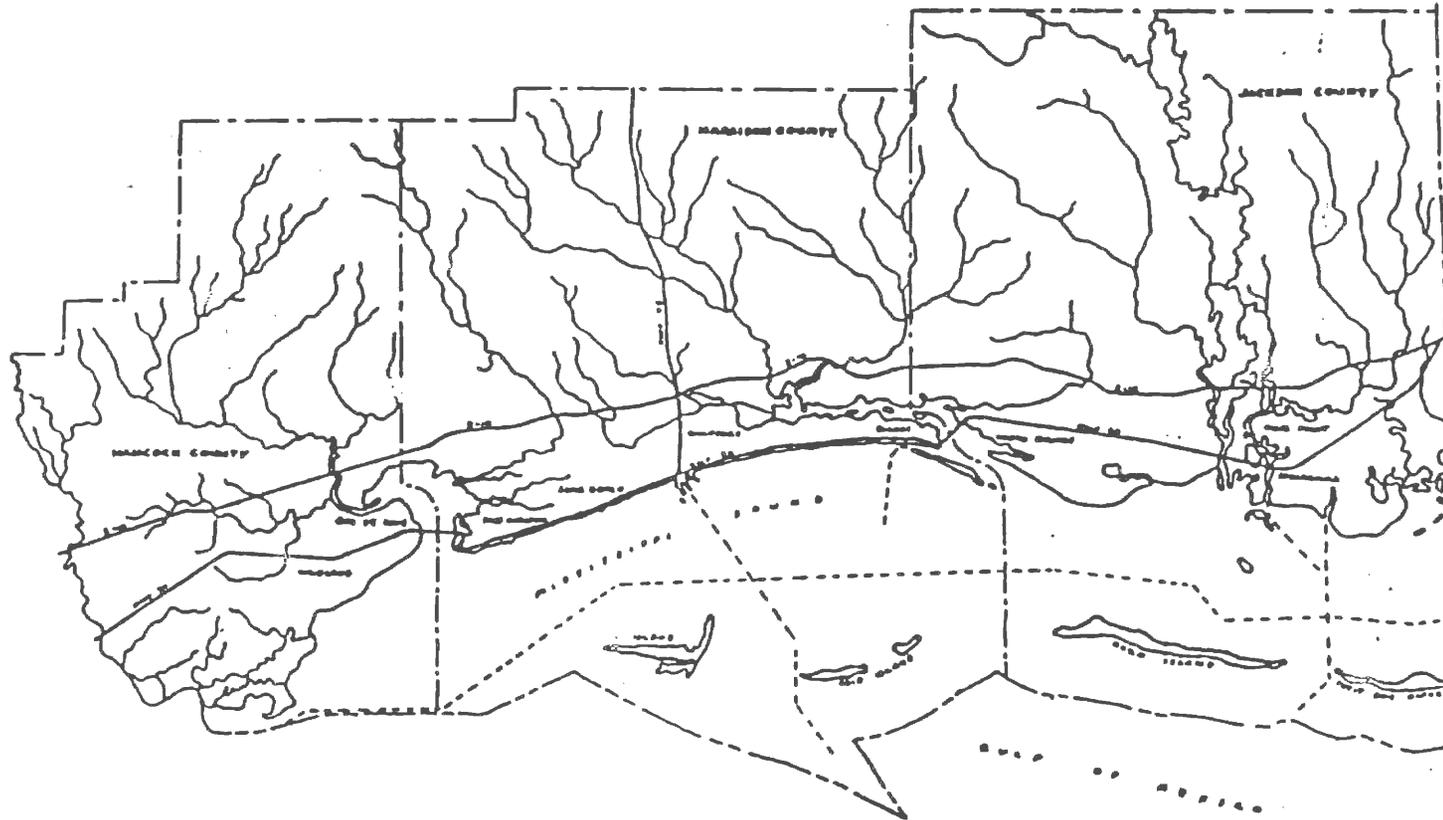
LOUISIANA DEPARTMENT OF WILDLIFE AND FISHERIES  
Captain Jeff Mayne  
P.O. Box 98000  
Baton Rouge, LA 70898-9000  
(225) 765-2980

LOUISIANA'S INSIDE-OUTSIDE SHRIMP LINE

# MISSISSIPPI

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S

Mississippi Gulf Coast



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MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF WILDLIFE, FISHERIES AND PARKS  
MISSISSIPPI MARINE ENFORCEMENT

1-800-294-5551  
(228) 432-7708

# TEXAS

Dennis Johnston, Director  
 Fisheries Law Enforcement  
 4200 Smith School Road  
 Austin, Texas 78744  
 (512) 389-4628

TEXAS PARKS AND WILDLIFE DEPARTMENT  
 24-Hour Communication  
 (281) 842-8100

Director of Field Operations  
 Roy Lawrence, Director II  
 (512) 389-4846

**Region IV**

Regional Commander Wes Clogston  
 (281) 931-6471

District Supervisors:

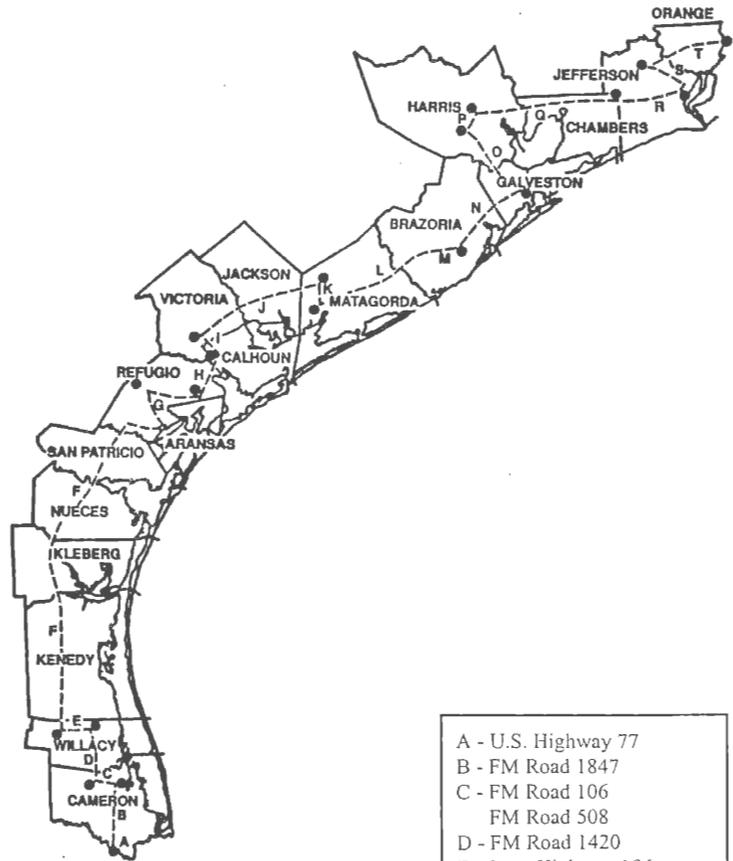
- Capt. Rex Mayes (512) 575-6306
- Capt. Myles Galceran (409) 892-8666
- Capt. Richard Herzog (713) 645-0212
- Capt. Preston Miculka (409) 744-4071

**Region X**

Regional Commander Don Parker  
 (361) 289-5566

District Supervisors:

- Capt. Johnnie Muery (512) 729-2315
- Capt. Rojelio Gonzales (210) 546-1952
- Capt. Gary Palmer (512) 592-8654
- Capt. Kevin McDonald (361) 289-5566



- |   |                          |
|---|--------------------------|
| A | - U.S. Highway 77        |
| B | - FM Road 1847           |
| C | - FM Road 106            |
|   | FM Road 508              |
| D | - FM Road 1420           |
| E | - State Highway 186      |
| F | - U.S. Highway 77        |
| G | - FM Road 774            |
| H | - State Highway 35       |
| I | - State Highway 185      |
| J | - FM Road 616            |
| K | - State Highway 35       |
| L | - FM Road 521            |
| M | - State Highway 36       |
| N | - FM Road 2004           |
| O | - Interstate Highway 45  |
| P | - Interstate Highway 610 |
| Q | - Interstate Highway 10  |
| R | - State Highway 73       |
| S | - U.S. Highway 287       |
| T | - Interstate Highway 10  |